Terms of Publication.

THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN, Office in Sayers' building, east of the Court House, is published every Wednesday morning, at $2 per annum, IN ADVANCE, or $2 50 if not paid within the year. **All subscription accounts MUST be settled annually.** No paper will be sent out of the State unless paid for IN ADVANCE, and all such subscriptions will invariably be discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they are paid.

Communications on subjects of local or general interest are respectfully solicited. To ensure attention favors of this kind must invariably be accompanied by the name of the author, not for publication, but as guaranty against imposition.

All letters pertaining to business of the office must be addressed to the Editor

The Waynesburg Republican.

JAS. E. SAYERS, FIRMNESS IN THE RIGHT AS GOD GIVES US TO SEE THE RIGHT.—*Lincoln.* EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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Terms of Advertising AND JOB WORK.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at $1 50 per square for three insertions, and 50 cents per square for each additional insertion; (ten lines or less counted a square). All transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.

BUSINESS NOTICES set under the head of local news will be charged invariably 10 cents a line for each insertion.

A liberal deduction made to persons advertising by the quarter, half-year or year. Special notices charged one-half more than regular advertisements.

JOB PRINTING of every kind in Plain and Fancy colors; Hand-bills, Blanks, Cards Pamphlets, &c., of every variety and style, printed at the shortest notice. The REPUBLICAN OFFICE has just been re-fitted, and every thing in the Printing line can be executed in the most artistic manner and at the lowest rates.

Poetry.

A VERSIFIED "JOURNEY OF LIFE."

When a man travels the journey of life
He gets a few rubs of the bustle and strife;
And if he's in want of guide-book, perchance
I can give him a sketch of the route at a glance.

Mammy's lap—coral and pap—fussery, dummery—fie, fie!
Off to school—dull as a mule—fag away, drag away—slow, slow.
Early love—coo like a dove—sighery, fiery glow, glow.
Choose a career—prospects queer—fallery, wallery—gruff, gruff.
Lesson learnt, candle burnt—flickery—puff puff.
Fussery, nussery, hummery, dummery, fag away, drag away, fallery, wallery, flickery, wickery, laughing, chaffing, moaning, groaning, illery, pillery, doctor's billery, sad enough, mad enough, glad when you've had enough.

When a man travels the journey of life
He gets a few rubs in the bustle and strife:
Gets, all his life,
A few rubs in the bustle and strife.

THE EDITOR.

The editor works—he's never at rest.
For the world, unsated with news,
Keeps asking for more, the latest and best
He cannot—he will not refuse.

Big sermons and speeches, stories and rhymes,
With items both ancient and new,
Suiting the people, and suiting the times,
He must faithful and constant review.

Not only deals he in subjects profound,
His reason must mingle with fun;
The world will laugh and the joke go around
When the editor scribbles a pun.

Political.

TO THE UNION SOLDIERS.

Address of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Union of Washington—An Appeal for the Principles Defended on the Field of Battle.

COMRADES!—Our country is again threatened by the same political power that counseled treason and plunged the nation into bloody civil war.

The hand of the assassin has unmasked the treasonable spirit that shrank from open conflict in the field, and licensed new hopes for the accomplishment by the ballot of that which the armed hosts of rebellion failed to secure by the bullet.

The apathy of Union men in several of the loyal States has been seized upon by the enemies of the Government as a reaction in their favor, and the passions and prejudices of a portion of the people are appealed to to overthrow the Legislative branches of the Government.

The men who fostered and defended the Constitution and flag of our country are charged by those who fostered and defended rebellion as being the enemies of that same Constitution and the laws made in pursuance thereof. We are told that the war has closed, and that treason should be rewarded and not punished as a crime; that by the force of arms we have made our enemies in the field the same loyal citizens as though no war had been waged; that without guarantee or pledge rebels are entitled to the same exercise of political privileges which they enjoyed before the war; that we have no right to legislate safeguards for those whom we legislate to be free; that Senators and Representatives of even the rebel Congress shall be admitted to seats in our National Legislature: that the men whom you fought in the field and who were driven by your bayonets into the "last ditch," and who surrendered only when their powers of resistance failed, are fit to sit in an American Congress to vote or withhold the mites that now comfort the widows and orphans of the heroic dead; that our victory was not a triumph of principles, but a physical power alone, and that loyalty is no test of citizenship, but an unmeaning and despotic phrase; that the debt incurred by the war, in great part for your services, pay, bounties, pensions, &c., should be repudiated; that no further bounties or pensions should be granted to sustain the disabled living, and that the fruits of victory that cost so much blood and treasure shall be transferred from the conquerors to the conquered.

By the war the enemy deprived themselves of certain rights and privileges and sundered or impaired their their constitutional relations with the Government. They failed to succeed in withdrawing their territory from the Union, but, as far as constitutional law and Federal authority was concerned, they defeated its exercises until the force of arms compelled their surrender. They virtually overthrew the Constitution for nearly five years, and for that time successfully resisted the exercise of all authority unknown to the Government they assumed to have established. And it matters not whether they were in the Union or out of the Union, so long as they alienated themselves from the Government and resisted its authority, committed treason against its laws, its flag, and its soil, they disfranchised themselves of all claims to its protection.

They are conquered public enemies, and have no right to participate in State or National legislation without first obtaining the consent of Congress.

They have incurred disabilities, which must be removed before they can enjoy the rights of citizenship and the political privileges growing out of those rights, and have no moral or legal right to the restoration of any privileges or immunities lost by the war save what humanity alone would confer. Did we find loyal State governments in the rebellious States when the war ceased? If so, the supremacy of Federal authority restored them to their former relations with the General Government. If we found disloyal State Governments the residing power, certainly they were in conflict with the Constitution, and could not, without usurpation of its authority, be so restored. If the General Government had power to disband the disloyal State Governments, was there any State Government existing after such disbandment?

If there were no State Governments existing, were not their political relations with the General Government effectually destroyed, save the territory alone, which they could not remove, and in which the exercise of Federal authority is preserved only by the presence of the military forces of the Government? Thus possessing no rights under the Constitution or laws, justice demands that sufficient guarantees for their future conduct shall be given. Congress demands that their new constitutions for the restoration of their State Governments under the Federal Constitution shall conform to the spirit of the text.

That they shall not politically enslave the minorities that remained loyal during the war; that all men, as far as civil rights are concerned, shall stand equal before the law, and political privileges only be withheld by the will of the majority, or in punishment for crime. That no reign of caste shall abridge the rights of humanity; that freedom shall mean freedom and not servitude; and that every citizen, regardless of race or color, shall enjoy personal protection in their liberties by law and deed. That treason must and shall be punished as a crime.

To clothe our enemies with the panoply of political power is too dangerous an expedient to experiment upon in the restoration of this Union.

When they enter our national councils they justly demand an apportionment of the Government patronage. They will ask representation in all the various departments to an extent greater than what they enjoyed during the war, (and it seems almost that they could receive this now, if they made application with certain political pledges.) They will demand positions in our army and navy.

Would our army or navy be safe in their hands? We committed them to their care once, and we recollect with what honor and fidelity they served their trusts.

Who of you, fellow-soldiers, would like to serve under the chivalric Mosby, who stealthily scanned the rear of our armies to murder those who imprudently withdrew from the limits of camp or the strict line of march? Who of you, noble sailors, would like to serve under the murderous pirate Semmes, whose courage burned unarmed vessels and destroyed our peaceful commerce on the seas?

These are no overdrawn pictures; for if these men are permitted to fill the high places of our Government, they will be realities from which we have just cause to recoil. Would you trust them to command our armies? Would you trust them to command our navy? No, never! If, then, it be unsafe to place in disloyal hands the means by which we protect and defend our Government, by what process of reasoning can we submit to place the Government itself in the keeping of those whose hands are yet red with blood. No, thank God, it will never be done.

The People are not yet ready to surrender their liberties. Too much sacrifice, too much blood, too much treasure, has been poured out for us to step upon the threshhold of our liberties and transfer our freedom to those whom we conquered in the war for its supremacy.

If Rebels are admitted to Congress and to their share of public patronage, what higher endorsements will they need to recommend an applicant than the fact that he was foremost in the effort to destroy the Government they now seek to control.

The State of Maryland is to-day guarding her despotism with a militia educated in the rebel ranks, while Kentucky sends rebel officers elected by rebel ballots over candidates that gave honorable service in the Union army. These are truths that cannot be denied.

In common with every patriot in this land, we desire to see our Union speedily and harmoniously restored. But it must be restored upon the principles which gave it birth—upon the teachings of its founders—and that tyranny and aristocracy shall not live to subvert freedom and Democracy; that the civil rights of no man shall be abridged because the wisdom of God has made him unlike ourselves in color; that truth, justice and equality shall reign and rule supreme. They are imperishable decrees of Heaven. We have in the party politics of the day two parties, known as the Democratic and Republican.

They have both asserted through their representative leaders in Congress, and out of it, their plans of restoration or reorganization.

The Democratic party asserts that by the supremacy of the Federal authority the States are already restored, and are entitled to representation in Congress.

The Republican party asserts that by the supremacy of Federal authority the States are made subservient to such authority, and those who committed treason are amenable to the laws for their crimes and that the disloyal consistency of the South are not entitled to representation until they shall evidence, by word and deed, their renouncement of hostility to the Government, the Union and the laws; and that they desire to renew their former allegiance by guaranties of their faithful adherence to the compact.

The Democratic party says that the forced surrender of rebels in arms has restored them to their political privileges under the Government.

This Republican party says that by this surrender they yielded only their military power to oppose, and by being found in arms against the Government, they deprived themselves of all political privileges under it.

The Democratic party says this is a white man's Government.

The Republican party says that this is a Government of the people; an asylum for the oppressed of every clime and nation, and in theory and principle based upon the equality of rights to all mankind.

The Democratic party says that the four millions of slaves who became free by the war should be left to the mercy of their enemies, who inaugurated rebellion to establish their perpetual bondage.

The Republican party says that these men were made free not by their own acts, and that humanity as well as the law demands that they should be protected in the enjoyment of "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness."

In fact the Democratic party desires to secure by the aid of the rebellion the political power of the Government, while the Republican party mean that it shall be confided to none but loyal men.

The Democratic party nursed treason in the cradle, and is the parent of its infamy and crimes.

The Republican party is the offspring of liberty—founded by the immortal Jefferson, defended by the blood of Lincoln and the three hundred thousand loyal hearts whose graves attest their fidelity to its principles, and whose triumphs decreed that in this country "the sun shall neither rise upon a master or set upon a slave."

The Democratic party lent its voice and its votes to aid and comfort our enemies in the field.

The Republican party sent its vanguards to the front, dealing treason the sword of justice, and planted freedom's banners upon the bulwarks of slavery.

The Democratic party declared the war a failure.

The Republican party made it a success.

The Democratic party was disloyal, shorn of its power—defeated.

The Republican party was true to the maxims of our independence, victorious in authority—triumphant.

The Democratic party denied the right of soldiers to exercise suffrage in the field,

The Republican party extended the privilege and *you* potent exercised it.

With whom, then, will you serve; with the vessels of treason, or with the defenders of universal liberty?

Will you follow the immortal Lincoln in his precepts, or the apostates of his teachings?

Did you fight to restore rebels to power or did you fight to make them subservient to the law?

Was it a war to establish the geographical limits of the Government, or a war to establish its fundamental principles—human rights civil and religious liberty—"to make treason odious" and a crime that ought to be punished!

If you were for a conquest of territory, alone, go with the Democratic party. If you were for the defence of the inalienable rights of mankind, stand by the Republican party to-day.

If you are the victors of great principles, never surrender them to the tyrants you defeated.

Fellow comrades, we are told that those who defended, maintained and consecrated it with their blood are now enemies of the liberties for which they have made their sacrifices.

But who are our accusers? What claim have they for political respect?

Were their homes illuminated at Union victories? Or did their hearts sadden at rebel defeat?

Did they offer to feed the starving garrison of Sumter? Or did they cry "You shall not coerce or subjugate our friends?"

Scan their names and see if they are not the same polluted scabs that have surfaced the sores of the nation for years—men whose names are unlettered among the heroes of the war, whose loyalty has rotted in the forgetfulness of the past, and but for the events of the last few months, would have passed to their political graves "unwept unhonored, and unsung." Inspired by the apostates of liberty, these men now seek to control the destinies of the Government. Their arguments are the same departures from truth, justice, and liberty that have ever characterized their political past. Schooled in the nursery of slavery, trained to bow submissively to its power, their vision cannot extend beyond the color of the men that have just escaped from the bonds of their tyranny and oppression. They plead to incite predjudice against color which God has been pleased to bestowed upon an unfortunate race.

They startle with assumed self-horror when they declare that four and a half millions of white voters are to be engulfed by less than a half million of colored. They can see nothing before their eyes but visions of black supremacy, and clamor to rob the citizen of the means by which he can protect and defends his citizenship. They prefer white traitors to loyal black men.

To restore the Democratic party to power would be to restore rebels to power. The war which has hardly ended, would be renewed and fought over again. Your bond and pension laws would be repealed. The national debt would be repudiated. The commercial prosperity of the nation destroyed; in fact, American liberty would recieve a blow that would retard the civilization of the world a century in its progress. Anarchy and ruin would supplant the best Government of the earth.

Comrades, let your voices, your vote, and your influence be wielded in the same column of strength that is now led by the heroes of the war—by Grant, Sheridan, Thomas, Howard, Sickles, Geary, Logan, Schenck, and hundreds of others whose deeds are no less heroic or brave, and the power that now threatens to control by the ballot will be vanquished with less effort than the fiends of rebellion who failed by the bullet.

Your patriotism and valor saved the nation in its hour of peril, let not your apathy destroy the fruits of victory. The loyal men of the South look to your ballots as they did to your bullets to secure them the enjoyment of liberty and repose. If you are true God's blessing will award your triumph and crown our land with peace, quietude and prosperity.

"Eternal Vigilance is the price of liberty."

NASBY.

A Meeting at the Corners to take into Consideration the best and most Peaceble Methods of Preserving to the Democracy the States they won this Fall.

POST OFFICE, CONFEDRIT X ROADS (Wich is in the Stait uv Kentucky), Oct. 30, 1867. I wuz sittin in the Post Offis, day before yesterday, cogitatin over the glorious results uv the Ohio and Pennsylvania elections, and hopin for an ekally good report from Noo York; thinkin the while that perhaps of my hopes wuz realized, and such a Constooshnel Dimokrat ez Pendleton or Seymour shood be elected, I mite, in consideratioa uv my long and I bleeve valuable services, aspire to suthin higher, and better, and more profitable than a Post Offis, sich ez I am at present holdin. I do not complain, for the posishen has bin the means uv establishin a credit upon which I hev lived thus far comfortable, but yet I shood prefer a place where the salary wood be suffishent to give me enuff so that I cood lay up suthin for old age. The time is not far off when my individeel exertions will not supply my wants.

I felt good over the victory, and it seemed to me ez tho we ought to speak ez Kentuckians, to our brethren North, instructin uv em how to hold the Staits which they have won for us. When I decide upon a pint, I alluz act, and so it wuz this time.

I give notis, by Issaker Gavitt, that the Corners wood assemble at the tootin uv the horn, for the purpose uv sendin forth the voice uv Kentucky to the Staits North. The evenin come, the horn was tooted from the steps uv the church, and the entire Corners wuz there. Deekin Pogram wuz in his regler seat; Issaker Gavitt wuz in his sainted father's place, which hez gone hentz, Kernel McPelter wuz there, and also the others who made up the male population uv the Corners, and their wives. It wuz a glorious meetin, and I wuz a rubbin my hands and feelin good at the prospeck uv an improvin occasion, when to my utter disgust, I saw the door open and Joe Bigler, who wuz born to be my pest, come in, with Pollock, and twenty-five niggers, old and young, male and female, white, yaller and black, and all uv em took seats together in the corner uv the church. I knowd by the meek look uv the niggers, and the egg-treem quietood uv Bigler hisself, that suthin wuz up, which would of course develop itself. Bigler and Pollock generally develop.

I opened the meetin by remarks that the times wore an auspishus look. The power uv the nigger in Amerikan politics hed bin demonstrated. The nigger hed bin so manipulated in Ohio and Pennsylvany, ez to give up these States, which we cood hold ef we choose. But the Dimocrisy uv Ohio and Pennsylvany hed a work to do, which they cannot neglect with safety. They hed declared the nigger inferior to the Caucashen, which he undeniably is, and they must keep him so. The nigger must be kept jist eggsackly where he is, to serve ez a irritant to Democrisy. Ohio gives the niggers uv that State certain faucilitios for learnin to read and write, accomplishments which no laborin class which is to be guided, controlled and worked excloosively by a sooperior class, needs or hez any biznis with. So soon ez a man begins to reed he begins to hev a inquirin mind, and begins to feel a dissatisfaction with his speer. Let Ohio repeel these laws to wunst, that the niggers may not—

"Reverse the arrangement," set Joe Bigler, risin, "and git to be the sooperior uv the white. Is that it, Pe fesser?"

"Not eggsackly that," returned I—not knowin what he wuz driven at, "but ez Hevin ordained the niggers to be inferior to us, and serve us, it looks rather dangerous to us—"

"Give him a chance to rise? That's what yoor gettin at, I see. I am, and always wuz a Dimocrat, ez yoo knoo, but I don't shudder from that cause—not any. I hev faith in the Lord, wich yoo appear to lack, wich is strange, considerin yoor profeshun. Ef my colored friends here wuz ordained by the Almighty to alluz okkepy an inferior position to us, why they'll do it anyhow, onless, indeed, we degrade ourselves below their level. Ef I understand yoor idea, it is that the proud Caucashun is the only favored race, which fixes its own posishen itself, but that all the other races hed places assigned them, wich Godalmity hevin fixed, they can't pass. That bein the case, what's the yoose, Perfesser, uv our foolin away our time a tryin to strengthen his laws by an act uv ours? Ef the Almighty fixed it so, kin we do it any better than he?"

"But sposn the nigger, ef we don't keep him down by law, shood rise above us?"

"I shood unanimously conclood that ther hed bin a mistake in the figgers, and that we wuz after all the suns uv Ham, and they the sons uv Japheth. How wood you like that? But that ain't wat ails us. There, Pecfesser, ain't where our danger is. Dimocrisy, like a man with a tape-worm, carries the elements of its own destruckshun. Missegenashun is wat's sappin the foundashuns uv the party. Agreein with you that the nigger's place is fixed, and that the Dimocrisy coodent get along a minit without the nigger, I here utter my solumn warnin the contingooal lessenin of the race, because that race is our rock, and unto that we stand. Wat sense is in wasten our capital, or ruther delutin it?"

"Wat do you mean?" askt I, not gettin at the drift uv wat he wuz drivin at.

Mean! My meanin is plain. The blacker the nigger is the further he is below us—the whiter he is the nearer our equel he is.

In this calculashun we don't take intelligence or virchoo, or anything of the kind into account, but perceed upon the hypothesis that a devilish mean white man is considerable better than a smart and honest nigger. Therefore any drop uv white blood in a nigger's veins makes him just one drop less objeeshunable. Look at the speecimens which I hev brot with me to illustrate my pint. The light colored niggers will rise.

And every cussed one uv em got up ez ef by magic, and I saw to wunst what he was goin for.

"Yoo see, Perfesser I hev here twenty-two spiled niggers. Every one uv em ought to hev been the son or daughter uv two pure niggers, but tney ain't. This one's mother for instance," and he laid his hand on the shoulder uv a likely quadroon uv eighteen years, "wuz wunst the property uv Deekin Pogram, wich circumstance accounts for her hevin the Pogram nose and general cast uv oountenance to an alarmin degree—"

Ther was a piercin shreek heard, and Mrs. Pogram was carried out faintin, and the Deekin turned ez red ez a lobster, while Bigler, ez solemn ez a Judge, went on—

"This girl wuz unst the property uv Deekin McGrath, who is, I notis, here to-nite. Melissy stand up," sed he, and a likely mulatto woman ariz. "You will notis," sed he, that Melissy is rather dark, while her gal wich you see afore yoo, is quite a half lighter. The race bleached out considerable on Deekin McGrath's place. I hev in my recollections ten or fifteen more uv various shades, who hev the McGrath face; but—"

Mrs. Deekin McGrath, utterin a shreek uv rage, swung out of the church, while the Deekin to wunst assumed the color uv his fellow Deekin, Pogram.

"I mite go on, but wherefore? You all see the pint. I can show you in this collecksbun which I hev picked up, the pecoolyer feachers uv the Dingeses, the McPelters, the Bascoms, and every family around these parts—that is the feechers uv the male members uv em. But sence the emancipation, I have notist that this thing hez come to a sudden endin. I hev notist that sence the niggers hev owned themselves, there aint no more uv this mixter. Yoo purpose, I suppose, agin redoosin uv em to their normal condishun, and makin uv em servants and maid servants. Ef this is done, let me entreat yoo brethren to stop the bleachin process. Ef you hev any regard for the Dimocrasy don't tolerate it no more. The moment a half-white nigger is born, yoo can't enslave only half uv him, for only half comes under the cuss, and only half under the laws again niggers. That one-half keeps down to the Ham level, but tother half sores to the Japheth place in nacher. Yoo can't whale a mulatto with only half the interest yoo kin a clear-blooded nigger, and when they keep bleachin out, and out, and out, until they are almost white, what then? When a nigger is nine-tenths Pogram and only one-tenth nigger, what then? Kin the Deekin be so deaf to the voice of nacher—so bare uv impulse ez to oppress so much Pogram for the sake uv gettin his foot on so little nigger? I can't believe it. Besides, when it's all run out—when the nigger don't show at all—then wat is to prevent em from walkin off alone and settin up in bizness for themselves ez white men? What will become uv the Democrasy then?

All this time the niggers wuz titterin, and the white women wuz gaspin for breth, and the men wuz turnin red and white by turns. I arose to rebuke him. when Bigler remarkt that he guest enuff hed bin sed, and that probably the meeting had better be adjourned. And the audacious cuss give us two minutes and a half to get out uv the buildin.

I wood give my next quarter's salary of the yellow fever wood come to the Corners, pervided I cood be ashoored that Bigler and Pollock wood be victims.

PETROLEUM V. NASBY, P. M.,
(Wich is Postmaster.)

RECONSTRUCTION AND SUFFRAGE.

Significant Ex-Rebel Utterances.

The famous rebel General Barringer, of North Carolina, has written a lenghthy letter to the Charlotte (N. C.) *News*, in which he accepts colored suffrage as a logical result of the war. While North as a prisoner of war, he says he made it a special object to study the tone and temper of the Northern people particularly the character of Yankee society and the workings of Yankee institutions, and that he arrived at the following conclusions:

I. That the masses of all classes in that section were disposed to treat the South kindly, and even liberally, if our people—especially the leaders—only came out fairly and squarely to the great results of the war.

II. But, that negro suffragr was destined to come in some form, no sane man could doubt.

III. That the Republican party was the power with which the South had to deal. This great party embraced the live men of the North.

IV. The very existence of the South required her to acquiesce in, if she could not sanction, the policy of this victorious party, as the best representative of the conquering power. But for myself, I came to the conclusion, after full reflection, that the highest interests of the south would be promoted by her people embracing, so far as they could conscientiously do so, the progressive ideas of that party.

The General closes his letter as follows:

The young, the ignorant and the rash cling to hopes never to be realized. They catch at every straw that floats upon the troubled waters of the political ocean.

The treacherous utterances of the Copperheads press, which has ever fed and fattened on the follies of the South, and which has ever led us to death and destruction, are again gathered up. People forget 1861, when at the first shock of arms, the "mudsills" were to rise; 1862, when McClellan, in his rage and despair, was to seize the Government; in 1863, when the Northwest was to resist; 1864, when the Peace Democracy was to triumph; 1865, when Mr. Johnson would certainly crush Radicalism; and finally, 1866, when the Philadelphia convention was sweeping the country. Behold the result of all these prophecies! And yet when a Southern man dares to rise above the passions of the hour, and tell the people the unvarnished truth, he is denounced as a traitor to his race and his section.

I would not willingly enter the political arena, but I think I know something of the spirit and temper of the North, and if reconstruction is defeated, or if the policy of resistance is long maintained, our troubles and difficulties must increase. It is idle for the South to longer isolate herself from the outside world or seek to repress the aspirations of the age. Governments, everywhere, are soon to rest on the broad basis of universal suffrage. Thus far the experiment has met with full success wherever tried; and the vital forces of a people are found to be in proportion to their freedom of thought and of action. I have never doubted but that the colored vote of the South would prove highly conservative. Ultimately this vote will unite with that of the Southern whites in the protection of common principles and interests. But this will not take place so long as sectional jealousies and animosities prevail, and so long as the Southern whites continue to cherish hostility to the rights and privileges of the colored man, as a free citizen, and denounce him as unworthy of suffrage. Nor does it do any good to indulge in an everlasting cry against Yankee emmissaries, Union Leagues and Radical speakers.

Let the mass of the white voters agree to unite with the colored citizens on terms of political equality—give the latter proper assurance to maintain their rights and priviliges, and cease declaiming against the government and people that made them free and the day of Yankee emissaries, Union Leagues and Radical orators is gone. This may be hard to do, and to all Confederates, who are not thoroughly whipped, the humiliation will be very great. For myself, I have long since resolved, "to accept the inevitable," and while I mourn the trials and troubles so heavily pressing us, I can heartily rejoice they are no worse. Fierce and savage as the conflict was while it lasted, (such are all civil wars,) thus far we have had no executions for treason, no edicts of banishment, no confiscations. When before did a great war terminate? For one, I have not despaired of the country, and have not lost all faith in free institutions. I hope ere long to see all our people restored to all their rights and privileges—all fear of confiscation removed, and, with the incoming tide of immigration and enterprise, a new era will dawn upon our desolate land.

Respectfully,

RUFUS BARRINGER.

Gen. Wm. C. Wickham, of the rebel army, a relative of Gen. R. E. Lee, writes to Gen. Barringer from Hanover Court House, Va., as follows.

I am in full accord with you on all the positions taken in it, and believe that it is only by carrying out the views there in expressed that we will over again find our States returning to a prosperous condition; and I am delighted to find a man like yourself coming forward to aid in convincing our misled people of the propriety, I may say necessity, of accepting fully the results of our defeat, and to show them that brave men do not yield to despair, but look forward with hopeful anticipations to our future, and that wise men can point out to them the path to early reconstruction with all its attendant blessings of peace, happiness, national greatness, and last, but not least, a proper and legitimate "independence."

The third resolution of your convention also strikes the right note. The sooner the disabilities are removed from the class spoken of, the sooner will public sentiment be brought to a healthy tone in the South, and the more permanent will be the establishment of the principles of the Republican party throughout that regions.

Everything here is in a most uncertain state. The press has done vast injury by exciting those whom it reaches against an honest acceptance of the Congressional policy; and I fear designing men are giving bad advice to the negroes. The result of two things I greatly fear, may be to draw a line based upon color, which will be fraught with new disasters. I hope however, for the best, and be the temporary evils what they may, I have no doubt of the future prosperity of the people of this State.

Believe me, very truly yours,

WM. C. WICKHAM.

Vengeance Deferred.

Upon one of the festival days in Naples it was customary to have some individual mounted upon an ass, who for two hours rides through the city personating the Saviour, and who during that time must endure the most intolerable buffets and insults. So vile is the treatment to which his person has to submit that it is often difficult even by the offer of a large pecuniry reward, to induce any person to accept the office. On one occasion an American sailor, tempted by the gold accepted the job. His ignorance of the language spared him the verbal contumely, but the outrage upon his person was fully appreciated. He endured all bravely, until, when near the close of his work, he was assailed in the most offensive manner. Shaking his dripping garments, he turned upon his assailants and exclaimed: "Villains wait until I have done playing Christ, and I'll clean out this town."

IN some respects it does not cost more to live than it did before the war. A New York letter says: At the clothing houses on Broadway and the Bowery you may see suits, good and bad, almost as cheap as they were five years ago; and in every street piles of dry goods ticketed from 50 to 100 per cent. below the prices asked for the same goods in 1865, Calicos at 12½c a yard; muslins at 10 to 8c; delaines at 18¾c; dress goods at from 25 to 50c, and all kinds of costlier fabrics at prices that indicate a heavy loss to some. The decline is severely felt by importers, jobbers and agents, and some of them are out of pocket to the tune of $50,000 to $250,000 by it; but it is very advantageous to the working classes, for it enables them to make a dollar go as far in dress as two went last year. Groceries and rents are still high, but with these exceptions it is much cheaper living in New York now than it has been for three or four years.

CENTENARIAN REPUBLICAN.—We clip the following from the Augusta (Maine) Journal:

Capt. David Hinkley, of Livermore, Androscoggin county, rode six miles on Monday, the 9th day of this month, and voted for Gen. Chamberlain for Governor. Capt. Hinkley was born in 1765, and is, therefore, *one hundred and two years of age.* He voted for Gen. Washington for the first President of the United States, and has voted for President at every election since that time. We presume there is not another such instance on record. He hopes, he says, to live to vote for Gen. Grant for President in 1868, and he will then have voted for him who founded, him who liberated, and him who saved the Republic—Washington, Lincoln and Grant.

THERE is enough iron in the blood of 42 men to make a ploughshare weighing 24 lbs.

The Waynesburg Republican.

WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

Wednesday, Nov. 27, '67.

GETTING DOWN.

The agitation in financial waters cannot always continue. The late troubling has had the effect of bringing the scum to the top, and there is every prospect of it being dashed high up among the drift, there to decay or be washed down again by the wearing waves of popular feeling. The plan of monopolists to ruin the country and enrich themselves is easily discerned in the movement to flood the country with greenbacks in the hope of funding our debt and freeing us from taxation. Nothing can be further from the object named. The inflation of the currency would give these monopolists the opportunity of plundering the laboring classes to an extent never before realized. You have the example of the war. For the time money matters went smooth enough, the upward motion was pleasant and the senses of the nation reeled with excitement on the giddy height of their money mountain. The descent which we have since been accomplishing is even more perilous. The base of the mountain—specie payment—we must reach by tortuous windings if we would do it with safety. None would be so foolhardy as to throw themselves headlong from the top. Yet those who would turn back are not our safest guides. Conscious that we cannot exist at a great hight what inducement can be offered for building still higher? The fabulous prices of everything during the war would be still more fabulous were this status of affairs to exist, and the poor can answer for themselves whether it would be more agreeable. With wages, food, clothing and all the necessities of life quadrupled what advantage would accrue from light taxes? Who would be the better off, the rich or the poor? Abrogating our sense of honor to the bondholders would not be compensation for the misery entailed upon the lower classes. However unpleasant it may be for us to pay our honest debts we believe in paying them. To this end we observe that Mr. Edmunds, of the Senate, has introduced a joint resolution declaring the faith of the Government pledged to the redemption of all the public debt in coin, except where otherwise stipulated in the loan. This resolution, tabled for the present, will doubtless be called up soon and passed with entire unanimity in both Houses. Our ability to do this is unquestionable, and the straightforward announcement of determination will settle the uneasiness of our finances. Democracy will make it political capital by misrepresentation, but the steady decrease of our debt and wise action on the part our legislators will meet them more than half way. The people have only to wait and watch to be convinced of the truth of our assertions.

THE rebel Democratic organs are not at all pleased with Sherman's speech before the "Army of the Tennessee." In fact they can find no words strong enough to express their indignation at that part of General Sherman's speech wherein he wonders how "any Southern man can speak of the 'lost cause' in language other than that of shame and sorrow." They insist that it is as impossible to connect infamy with the 'lost cause,' as it is to associate vice with holy religion. There is not a man in the South, "but glories in, and is proud of, the part he took in the war." A few days since they were for Sherman as the Copperhead candidate for the Presidency on the occurrence of a certain emergency. They evidently are not now.

WE publish elsewhere a schedule of the mail routes in our county, to be contracted for by the 4th of March next. We advise our disabled soldiers, who can obtain the required bail to put in for the job. Indeed, it would be no more than just if the Department would turn this part of the service over to our maimed and crippled veterans. It would be part recognition for value received.

DR. LIVINGSTON, the famous African explorer, is announced by the cable dispatches to have turned up again. He is pursuing his investigations in the unknown wilds of that country. When he returns to civilization he can have the pleasure of perusing his numerous obituary notices.

THE body of Maximilian, in a badly decomposed state, has at last been delivered to Admiral Tegethoff. Mexico has contributed a lesson the world might profit by, in the summary and just disposal of her National criminals,

COL. JAMES ARMSTRONG, has disposed of his interest in the Washington, Pa., *Reporter*, a staunch Republican paper, to J. W McWilliams, Esq.

THE reconstruction of Southern State governments is rapidly going forward notwithstanding the obstructions placed in the way by the rebels and their co-workers of the North. In a number conventions have been called and constitutions are in process of formation. Thus far the spirit of leniency has prevailed and earnest effort is manifested to secure impartial justice to every class. That these conventions represent the true men of the States we have no reason to disbelieve. Those prevented by Act of Congress from exercising the right of franchise have no choice in the matter, and are less blamable than those who exercise that right persistently against their personal and national welfare. Yet the nation was saved in the face of such opposition, and though the war shall be to fight over again the loyal men in the South will not shrink nor take one step backward.

'In my prison cell I sit,
Thinking mother dear of you!"

J. H. ODELL, of the Beaver *Local* a Democratic sheet, and a beloved deciple of "Brick" Pomeroy having been convicted of libelling Capt. Barnes, a one armed soldier and Treasurer of Beaver Co., finds himself inditeing his windy articles from a "prison cell." The county will board him two months for two hundred dollars, and allow him to fee the lawyers—generosity "worthy of the great mind from which it emenated." Two charges yet against him may prolong his stay at the county "boarding-house." We think he will be convinced, if not already, that he has paid dear for his cheap notoriety.

THE Government has been defrauded by President Johnson's revenue collectors of $100,000,000 on whiskey, and $25,000,000 on tobacco in the past twelve months. The public debt will be likely to be rapidly paid off if this class of politians get entire control of the Government.

GEN. W. S. HANCOCK, in connection with Therman, of Ohio, is named for the Democratic Presidential ticket. Think of Copperheads running Hancock for President. Why, he was a soldier in the Union army, and a good one.

THE Old Theatre, in Pittsburgh, resounds alternately with the ribald jest of the player and the sonorous prayer of the preacher. Divine service was held there last week, and one of our city exchanges says there was not standing room so great was the press.

NINE of the 7-30 bond counterfeiters have been arrested. The counterfeiting was done in Paulsboro, Gloucester Co., N. J. The establishment has been in operation since July 1865 and has netted the parties over one million dollars. They were living in different parts of the Union in grand style.

CHARLES DICKENS, the eminent English author will give a series of readings in this country. He is now reading in Boston.

XLth CONGRESS.

CONGRESS convened on the 21st and proceeded immediately to business. A dispatch from Washington says:

There was a large attendance of visitors and spectators, and the galleries were filled long before the hour of meeting. The expectation of many that the impeachment report would be presented in the House gave that branch the scene of the greatest interest.

The Senate met at 12 o'clock. Nearly all the Senators were present.

Immediately after the reading of the journal, Mr. Sumner took the floor. He presented a petition setting forth that the petitioners, a hundred and fifty in number, were colored men who had been discharged from their employment in the district because they voted the Radical ticket at the last municipal election. They asked for relief, and the subject was referred to the Committee on the district.

After a session of half an hour the Senate adjourned.

The moment the journal was read in the House, the Democrats through Mr. Brooks, of New York, and Mr. Eldridge, of Wisconsin, objected to the newly elected Tennessee delegation being sworn in, on the ground that some of them were disloyal. The latter addressed the House for an hour giving specific details of his reasons and facts as applied to each member. A running debate followed for three hours, when the House finally voted to admit all the delegation but Butler of the First Tennessee District, whose credentials were refered to the committee on elections for investigations into the charge of disloyalty prefered against him. The rest of the delegatioe were swarn in.

Both Houses adjourned until Monday.

DOWN South people, profane ones, say that they don't care a Confederate ——, where they used to say Continental ——."

THE St. Louis *Democrat* says dead crows are representatives of the lost caws.

THE ALABAMA CONVENTION.

A corespondent of the Cincinnati *Commercial*, writing from Montgomery under date of the 8th, remarks:

The Mobile *Times* and other papers have for weeks been describing or rather denouncing, this convention as exclusively composed of unprincipled scoundrels. Yankee adventurers, scalawags, renegades, niggers, &c., (I spare you some other epithets as too strong for your type.) and I have just read in a perfectly reliable Northern paper (the New York *World*,) that "the Radical delegates are of such utterly unknown antecedents, and so entirely unrecognizable, even by name, that in publishing General Pope's order which contains a full list of their names and pseudo constituencies, the Montgomery *Mail* omits that section, with the following remark:

"The delegates are wholly unknown to the people of Alabama, and as the publication of a list of their names would be of no interest to our readers at this time, we omit them."

"Alabama," continues the *World*, "is the heaviest cotton producing State in the South, and we shall watch with interest the process of its restoration to peace and prosperity by three score and ten nonnentities and a dozen and a half of blacks."

Under the impressions such articles are calculated to produce, I have attended two sessions (yesterday and today,) of these "three score and ten nonentities and a dozen and a half of blacks," with the following results in the way of impressions and information.

The convention is held in the hall usually occupied by the Lower House of the Legislature of Alabama.

The delegates are one hundred in number, and sixteen are freedmen. The seats having been drawn by lots, the members are, of course, seated irrespective of color. As I looked at them I could not but reflect that I beheld a magnificent exhibition of poetic and retributive justice, for these men now occupy the place where sat but seven years ago the proud, defiant Confederate Congress that made slavery the key-stone of their arch of government.

As to the general aspect and bearing of these men, my first impression was also my last. A more earnest, serious and orderly deliberative body I have never seen, and this impresion is confirmed by the general admission in Montgomery, that they are a much better-looking set of men than the Alabama Legislature.

Of the eighty-four whites, twenty-two are Northern men who have taken up their residence in the State since the war. The remainder are all old citizens.

I made special inquiry as to their various callings and social positions, and found that among them were:

Nine members of former Alabama Legislatures.

Eight present or former judges of various courts of the State.

Twelve lawyers.

Seven officers and sixteen non-commissioned officers and privates of the rebel army.

Six physicians and a number of planters, merchants, &c.

The president of the Convention is the Hon. E. W. Peck, for forty years a resident of Tuscaloosa, formerly Chancellor of the State, recognized as possessing one of the first legal minds in the country, and a man of unblemished purity of character.

Among the rebel officers is Major Semple a lawyer by profession, and a graduate of Cambridge Law School, who for some time commanded the artillery in Cleburne's division; and distinguished himself at Chickamauga.

I made the acquaintsnce of and conversed with some twenty members, Judge Peck, Major Semple, Judge Martin, Mayor Horton, Messrs. Seaford, Griffin, Keffer, Miller, and others, and found them far from being nonentities.

On yesterday General Pope arrived from Atlanta, and ivited to a seat in the convention. He made a short address, strongly marked by good sense, and indicating a high order of ability—I hear on all sides praise from the loyal—and admission from the rebels as to the produce, energy, and moderation of his administratian in Georgia and Alabama.

Although only at their second and third day's session, with very few members familiar with parliamentary usages, the Convention dispatched business rapidly, and appeared to understand that their real work was to be done in committees.

If this convention is a fair index and exponent of the conventions to be held in the nine other Southern States, it is risking but little to say that their intelligence, honesty and ability will soon silence misrepresentation and abuse.

Pedestrianism.

Mr. Seth Wilber Payne startep from New York on the morning of the 11th inst., to walk to San Francisco, Cal., in one hundred and fifty days. By way of the Central Pacific Railroad the distance is precisely three thousand three hundred miles between the two points, so that an average of twenty-two miles per day will have to be made. M. Seth Wilber Payne, the pedestrian, is well known to the public as an author. He walked over pretty much all of Europe some years ago, and upon his return wrote a book of all he saw, heard and did. The object of the present trip is the same as was his European tour, and his limiting himself to a certain length of time was doubtless caused purely from a desire to perform a feat of distinction. He will take copious notes on his way, which will be published in book form after his return from San Francisco.

Address of Gen. Sherman before the Society of the Army of the Tennessee.

At the last annual meeting of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee, which was held at St. Louis on Wednesday last, Lieutenant General Sherman delivered an address before the same, from which we extract the following passages:

I have often been asked by my fellow-soldiers, when troubled by the reports of the disturbed condition of things at the South, whether, after all, our labors had not been in vain? Whether we might not be called on to repeat the scenes of 1863 and 1864? Or, whether the rebels, defeated in battle, might not, in the hurly burly of time and politics, regain their "lost cause" and their lost pride?

How any Southern gentleman, with these facts plain and palpable, everywhere staring him in the face, and recorded forever in the book of history, can still boast of his "Lost Cause," or speak of it in language other than of shame and sorrow, pass my understanding, and instead of being revived I know that their Lost Cause will sink deeper and deeper into infamy as the time more keenly probes its hidden mysteries and reveals them to the light of day.

On these points I feel no great solicitude; but whether I can convey to your minds the same conviction, I will not say. History rarely goes backward, and events in the past are usually as real as the granite rock on which we stand. Surely no men ever had a more glorious cause than we; and never, in my judgment, did war so completely fulfill its natural office.

Slavery was the cause of the war, and slavery would surely have been extinguished in this country by a gradual and natural process, and we might have been spared our civil war, had not other causes come into play. It was found that the soil and climate of the Southern States were admirably adapted to the growth of cotton. The power of steam was discovered and applied to machinery of all kinds, especially in Old and New England, and Eli Whitney, of Massachusetts, invented his cotton gin. These created an immense demand for the staple, and seemed to have changed the whole current of public opinion. The invention of the cotton gin did more to fix slavery upon us than any amount of prohibitory legislation, or any amount of anti-slavery agitation, so that I have always felt that both Old England and New England had much to do in fastening slavery upon us as a people, and should have a just share in the responsibility for its baneful result. Under these influences cotton became a power in the land. It was proved arrogant and claimed to be king. It dictatated its terms, and threatened war unless its imperious demands were granted. It claimed the right to go were it pleased, and to extend itself over lands, such as Kansas and California, not adapted to it or to slave labor at all; and at last it rebelled and set up a government of its own, whose very corner stones were cotton and slavery. Nothing on earth could justify such a rebellion, and I only mention these facts in the past to show that others than the people of the South were partially responsible, and should share the natural consequences of their own act.

Now that slavery is gone, and gone forever, with its unhappy wrecks left behind, and all danger is past, if any set of men again appeal to war when they have courts to secure their rights and redress their wrongs, I would trust our national destiny again to those grand old national laws which raised our country through the long, tedious vassalage of colonization; which carried us safely through the ordeal of our Revolutionary war; made our flag famous on the high seas in 1812; led our conquering armies to the gates of Mexico in 1847; and has borne us gloriously through four years of as hard war as ever tested the manhood of any people.

IMPEACHMENT.

Great Excitement in Political Circles—A Majority Report in Favor of Impeaching the President—A Member Declares the President will be out of Office in Forty Days.

A dispatch from Washington, D. C., of November 23, says: There has been a great deal of excitement in political circles on the subject of impeachment. The injunction of secrecy voted by the Judiciary Committee at a recent meeting has given rise to the impression that at last one of the Republican members (Mr. Churchill, of New York,) has changed his views on the subject of impeachment, so as to give a majority report for the measure on Monday next.

Mr. Lawrence of Ohio, says the President will be out of office within forty days, believing it will take less than thirty days to carry the articles through the Senate and secure conviction.

The Committee on impeachment had a meeting to-day, but of the result nothing positively is known. The most that has transpired is that there has been a very stormy time in the Committee.

THE State Department is informed that $5,000,000 worth of property was destroyed by the tornado on the Rio Grande of October 8. Six hundred houses were destroyed, and all ranches for thirty miles around Matamoros were throw down. At the mouth of the river scarcely a house was left. All the river steamers were wrecked or disabled except one. Twenty persons were killed and forty or fifty wounded.

THREE candidates for Mayor in New York City, John T. Hoffman, Rammany, Fernando Wood, by the Mozart, and William A. Darling, by the Republicans. The election occurs on Tuesday, December the 3rd.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

Collision Between an Express and Freight Train—Four Women and a Man Burned to Death.

CINCINNATI, November 21.—A terrible accident occured on the Cincinnati, and Dayton R. R. this morning. The broad gauge express arrived here at six o'clock A. M., was detained at Lockland by an extra freight coming south, and while waiting for the freight train to take the side track, a freight train that was following ran into the rear of the express train before a man could get out to flag it. Four women and one man were burned to death. Nearly all the train was burned to ashes. The rear cars was a train from Toledo that the express takes on at Dayton, the last car being a sleeping car from Toledo. The names or residences of those killed have not yet been ascertained.

AN Irish priest wishing to explain the nature of a miracle to a skeptical parishioner, gave him a tremendous kick. "Did it hurt ye?" asked the reverend father. "Hurt?" exclaimed the victom, tenderly solacing the aggrieved region with his hand. "Well, then," said the clergyman, complacently, "it would have been a miracle if it hadn't hurt ye!" This is a good definition, but no better than one just given in Massachusetts of the difference between an "accident" and a "misfortune." "If Andrew Johnson should fall into the river," says the definition, "it would be an accident. If he should ever get out again, that would be a misfortune."

A DEMOCRATIC STRONGHOLD.—Fernando Wood said in his Cooper Institute speech, the other day: "I charge that at the late election the Tammany Hall organization imported thieves from Philadelphia to vote their ticket; that these thieves were organized in different wards of the city, and that bands of them voted in more than sixteen wards and in more than one hundred and twenty-five electoral districts. [Cheers.] More than that; it is known that several of the inspectors of election, after receiving the ballot from the voter, substituted another ballet and deposited it in the box."

THERE is a very general disposition in Congress to relieve all the confederates who cordially assist in the reconstruction of the South. Such men as ex-Governer Brown, of Georgia; ex-Senator A. G. Brown, and Judge Alcorn, of Mississippi; General Barringer, of North Carolina, and Generals Longstreet, Jeff. Thompson, and Barksdale, will probably be among the list. Mr. Stevens openly expresses the hope that all may be restored to citizenship who help in the good work.

DAN RICE, the showman, has retired permanently from the business. At his farewell performance in Pittsburg he made a speech, in which he boasted of having made more money than any six circus managers in the country, and said that he had given away, during twenty-six years, more than a million and a half of dollars to various charitable enterprises.

THE overcoat of ex-Governor Curtin was stolen Friday morning while he was at breakfast at the Monongahela House, in Pittsburg. The coat was in his room, and some impudent individual went thither and gobbled it.

MRS. JEFFERSON DAVIS was serenaded in Rutland, Vt., with Dixie, and saluted by the firing of two brass cannon as an ovation, by her husband's friends, the Democracy.

New Advertisements.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE TOWN OF WAYNESBURG,

FOR SALE.

By Virtue of an order, to us, from the Orphans' Court of Greene County, we will expose to Sale by public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

WEDNESDAY THE 18TH DAY OF DECEMBER NEXT!

The following real estate, late, the property of Robert Adams deceased,

1. That certain well known square of Lots numbered in the plan of the town of Waynesburg 46 47 and 48 bounded on the East by Morris Street, on the West by Blackberry Alley, on the North by Franklin Street and on the South by Strawberry Alley, containing One Hundred and Eighty feet square more or less, being the homestead property of the late Robert Adams, dec'd. On this there is erected a large and commodious

BRICK HOUSE!

two stories high; brick kitchen, one story; also adjoining it a brick house one story high with two rooms. There is also attached to this property an

EXTENSIVE TANNERY!

with large and powerful **STEAM ENGINE** and fixtures attached. The square being set in fruit trees makes it a most beautiful situation, with every convenience necessary for town property and residence. It has always been regarded as among the most desirable properties in the town.

—ALSO—

At the same time and place, so much of the Square of Lots immediately North of the above described, as is contained in one hundred and twenty feet on Morris street and running back one hundred and eighty feet to Blackberry alley, more or less, adjoining that portion of said square sold by Robert Adams in his lifetime to James Golden, having on the portion to be sold a good stable. These lots being in a very eligible position, would make most excellent lots to build private residences upon.

—ALSO—

At the same time and place, so much of that square of lots numbered 48, 49 and 51, as remains after taking off what was sold to Dawson Adams by the said Robert Adams, in his lifetime, to wit: Beginning on the corner of Franklin street thence along Morris street about one hundred and twenty feet to line of said Dawson Adams, thence along said line about one hundred and eighty feet to Fruit alley, thence by same about one hundred and twenty feet to Franklin street, thence along same about one hundred and eighty feet to beginning.

TERMS OF SALE:

One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale, one-third in six months thereafter, and the balance in twelve months from confirmation, with interest from confirmation.

DAWSON ADAMS,
ELIJAH ADAMS,
Executors.

11:27-ts

Special Notices.

☞ **Address to the Nervous and Debilitated** whose sufferings have been protected from hidden causes, and whose cases require prompt treatment to render existence desirable. If you are suffering or have suffered from involuntary discharges, what effect does it produce upon your general health? Do you feel weak, debilitated, easily tired? Does a little extra exertion produce palpitation of the heart? Does your liver, or urinary organs, or your kidneys, frequently get out of order? Is your urine sometimes thick, milky, or fleeky, or is it ropy on settling? Or does a thick scum rise to the top? Or is a sediment at the bottom after it has stood awhile? Do you have spells of short breathing or dyspepsia? Are your bowels constipated? Do you have spells of fainting or rushes of blood to the head? Is your memory impaired? Is your mind constantly dwelling upon this subject? Do you feel dull, listless, moping, tired of company, of life? Do you wish to be left alone, to get away from everybody? Does any little thing make you start or jump? Is your sleep broken or restless? Is the lustre of your eyes as brilliant? The bloom on your cheek as bright? Do you enjoy yourself in society as well? Do you pursue your business with the same energy? Do you feel as much confidence in yourself? Are your spirits dull and flagging, given to fits of melancholy? If so, do not lay it to your liver or dyspepsia. Have you restless nights? Your back weak, your knees weak, and have but little appetite, and you attribute this to dyspepsia or liver-complaint?

Now, reader, self-abuse, venereal diseases badly cured, and sexual exercises, are all capable of producing a weakness of the generative organs. The organs of generation, which in perfect health, make the man. Did you ever think that those bold, defiant, energetic, persevering, successful business men are always those whose generative organs are in perfect health? You never hear such men complain of being melancholy, of nervousness, of palpitation of the heart. They are never afraid they cannot succeed in business; they dont become sad and discouraged; they are always polite and pleasant in the company of ladies, and look you and them right in the face—none of your downcast looks or any other meanness about them. I do not mean those who keep the organs inflamed by running to excess. These will not only ruin their constitutions, but also those they do business with or for.

How many men from badly cured diseases, from the effects of self-abuse and excesses, have brought about that state of weakness in those organs that has reduced the general system so much as to induce almost every other disease—idiocy, lunacy, paralysis, spinal effection, suicide, and almost every other form of disease which humanity is heir to, and the real cause of the trouble scarcely ever suspected, and have doctered for all but the right one.

Diseases of the organs require the use of a diuretic. HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic, and is a certain cure for diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys, Gravel, Dropsy, Organic Weakness, Female Complaints, General Debility, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating and no matter of how long standing.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our flesh and blood are supported from these sources, and the health and happiness, and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

Helmbold's Extract Buchu, established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist,
594 Broadway, New York, and
104 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50, delivered to any address. Sold by all Druggists everywhere.

3:13,'67-ly.

To Consumptives.—The Rev. EDWARD A. WILSON will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, the prescription with the directions for making and using the simple remedy by which he was cured of a lung affection and that dread disease Consumption. His only object is to benefit the afflicted and he hopes every sufferer will try this prescription, as it will cost them nothing, and may prove a blessing. Please address

REV. EDWARD A. WILSON,
No. 1058 South Second St., Williamsburg, New York.
6:4,'67-13eow3-12

Information.—Information guaranteed to produce a luxuriant growth of hair upon a bald head or beardless face, also a recipe for the removal of Pimples, Blotches, Eruptions, etc., on the skin, leaving the same soft, clear, and beautiful, can be obtained without charge by addressing THOS. F. CHAPMAN, Chemist,
6:3,'67-1yeow3t3 823 Broadway, New York.

☞ **Colgate & Co's.**

COLGATE & CO. NEW YORK

GERMAN

ERASIVE SOAP

Is manufactured from PURE MATERIALS, and may be considered the STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE. For sale by all Groceries. 6:5-1y.

☞ **The Healing Pool, and House of Mercy.**—Howard Association Reports for Young Men, on the crime of solitude, and the errors, abuses and diseases which destroy the manly powers, and create impediments to marriage, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes free of charge. Address DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 6:5-1y

☞ **Errors of Youth.**—A gentleman who suffered for years from Nervous Debility, Premature Decay, and all the effects of youthful indiscretion, will, for the sake of suffering humanity, send free to all who need it, and receipt and directions for making the simple remedy by which he was cured. Sufferers wishing to profit by the advertiser's experience, can do so by addressing, in perfect confidence,

JOHN OGDEN,
6:5-1y 42 Cedar St., New York.

New Advertisements.

WM. BINGHAM, Jr., 54 *Fifth Street, Pittsburgh, is the authorized agent for the* REPUBLICAN, *in that city.*

LIST OF CAUSES SET DOWN FOR TRIAL AT D'EC. TERM, 1867.

Hook vs Hook, No. 99, Nov. Term, 1859.
Brank vs Kent, No. 166, March Term, 1860.
Morris vs Lucas, No 71, June Term, 1862.
Wilson vs Downey, No. 96, December Term, 1863.
Sharpneck vs Currie, No. 101, June Term, 1865.
Sanders vs Morris tp., No. 42, Sept. Term, 1865.
Pettit vs same, No. 41, Sept. Term, 1865.
Coleman vs Taylor, No. 81, Sept. Term, 1865.
Marple vs Prior, et al, No. 37, Dec. Term, 1865.
F. & D. Bank vs Meighen, No. 90, Dec. Term, 1865.
Pettit vs Richhill tp., No. 116, Dec. Term, 1865.
Messenger vs same, No. 141, Dec. Term, 1865.
Mestrezatte vs Mong. & Ken Oil Com., No. 65, March Term, 1866.
Lemley vs Taylor, No. 73, March Term, 1866.
Jayne vs Kent, No. 90, March Term, 1866.
Ross vs Richhill tp., No. 157, March Term, 1866.
Foster's Adm'rs. vs Anderson, No. 15, June Term, 1866.
Blacklege Guard vs Vale, No. 205, June Term, 1866.
Crain et al vs Peterson & Downey, No. 35, Sept. Term, 1866.
Barnhake vs Hedge, et al, No. 69, September Term, 1865.
Reynolds vs Waters, No. 149, Sept. Term, 1866.
Lindsey Ex'rs. vs Sayers, No. 140, Sept. Term, 1866.
Good vs Richhill tp., No. 172, March Term, 1866.
Evans vs South et al, No. 7, Dec. Term, 1866.
Jones vs Morris tp., No. 131, Dec. Term, 1866.
Porter's Adm'rs. vs Rinehart. No. 163, June Term, 1867.
First Nat. Bank vs Antell, No. 83, Sept. Term, 1867.

J. F. TEMPLE,
Clerk.

11:27-1c

STRAYED!

Came to the premises of the subscriber, on the 21st of last month, a DUN COW!—wide, slim horns—no ear marks, seven years old. The owner will please come forward at once, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold as an estray. JOHN SHANES,
Dent P. O., Greene Co., Pa.

11:27-3w

AGENTS WANTED FOR TWO OF THE best selling books ever published. One entitled "Mysteries of the Neapolitan Convents," by an Ex-Benedictine Nun, a true account of the inner life of the convents—the most thrilling and interesting work before the public. The other entitled "The Cottage Cyclopedia," a gem of intellectual wealth, and wanted in every family; complete in one large volume of over 1000 pages, illustrated. Send for circulars of terms, which are very liberal. A. S. HALE & CO.,
11:27-3t Hartford, Conn.

E. M. SAYERS,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

In addition to other business will attend to all cases in Bankruptcy that may be entrusted to his ca re. Office, opposite Drug Store of G. W. Robb's & Co.

Miscellaneous.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to all creditors, legatees, wards and other persons interested, that the undersigned Executors, Administrators and Guardians have filed their accounts in the Register's Office, and that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court to be held within and for the County of Greene, on Wednesday, December 18, 1867, for confirmation and allowance.

PETER BROWN,
Register and Recorder.

Account of Jesse Ornderff, guardian of —— Fordyce, minor child of Solomon Fordyce, deceased.
Account of J. H. Brister, Administrator upon the estate of Robert Brister, dec'd.
Final account of T. W. Taylor and Samuel Bayard, Administrators upon the estate of A. Martin, jr., dec'd.
Account of John McGlumphy, Administrator upon the estate of Nathaniel Campson, deceased.
Final account of A. A. Furman, Esq., Guardian of James Rupe, a minor child of Samuel Rupe, dec'd.
Final account of Daniel Fuller, surviving guardian of Susannah Hess, a minor child of John Hess, dec'd.
Account of Amos Walton, Guardian of S. A. Walton, a minor child of Jonathan Walton, deceased.
Account of Amos Walton, Guardian of J. E. Walton, minor child of Jonathan Walton, dec'd.
Account of Phillip Marsh, Guardian of Mary Darbin, a minor.
Account of James Orr, Administrator upon the estate of Benjamin Grimes, dec'd.
Account of William Gwyn and Marshall Gwyn, Administrators upon the estate of James Gwyn, dec'd.
Account of Eliza Weaver, Administratrix and George Weaver, Administrator upon the estate of Isaac Weaver, dec'd.
Account of Eli Jacobs, Executor of the last will and testament of Xavilier Poland, dec'd.
Account of Joseph P. Keener, Administrator of George Kacher, dec'd.
Final account of Joseph R. Hanley, Executor of the last will and testament of Barnet Reuner, dec'd.
Partial account of Joseph Reeves, and I. L. Craft, Executors of the last will and testament of John R. Reeves, dec'd.
Account of David R. Jones, Administrator upon the estate of Averilla Jones, dec'd.
Account of Geo. G. Grayman and C. J. Kinder, Administrator of Isaac R. Kinder, dec'd.
Account of Ethelbert Lyon, one of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of Stephen Stone, dec'd.

1868 PROSPECTUS! 1868

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day and for rendering good political service in the important Presidential canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the space thereto required in the proceedings, the proprietors of the "Gazette" have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size of the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be in the home of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives each week, forty solid columns of current news by telegraph and mail, the leading editorials of the daily, and a choice selection of literary and selected items, together with everything important pertaining to the world of politics. Its agricultural columns will be edited in such a manner as to find favor with the farmer and gardener. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE, are, by common consent, acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and in commercial circles in Western Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are without equal. The files of the GAZETTE are used exclusively by the Civil Courts of Allegheny county, as reference in important issues, to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in disputes.

Our agents will favor us by getting up their clubs at once, and not allowing their present ones to expire, as we are anxious that none of our readers should be deprived of a weeks news. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at yearly rates. Postmasters and merchants are requested to act as agents.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single subscriber	$1 50
Clubs of five	1 25
Clubs of ten	1 15

—and one to the getter up of the club.

☞ For specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address the proprietors,

PENNIMAN, REED & CO.,
GAZETTE BUILDING,
9:29-tf. Nos. 84 and 86 Fifth Street, Pitts.

SOMETHING NEW!

MRS. E. S. SAYERS & HOSKINSON

Have just arrived from the East with a large assortment of foreign and domestic

DRY GOODS,

FALL AND WINTER STYLES!

which they propose to sell at the lowest CASH prices! such as Dress Goods, Dress Trimming, Dress Buttons, Ladies Shawls, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps; also, a great variety of nice articles, at very low prices

&c

GENTLEMEN AND LADIES' WEAR

Wares of all kinds, and a complete variety of the best GROCERIES. All of which they propose to sell at the very lowest figures, depending on the quality and cheapness of their goods to gain custom.

Give them a call before purchasing elsewhere, and they will prove that the above is correct. Room in Allison's building, nearly opposite the Court House, Waynesburg. 6:1,'67-tf.

THE LADY'S FRIEND—

"WASHINGTON AT MOUNT VERNON."

THE LADY'S FRIEND announces for 1868, the following novelties:—THE DEHARRY FORTUNE, by Amanda M. Douglas, author of "In Trust," "Stephen Dane," &c.; A DEAD MAN'S RULE, by Elizabeth Prescott, author of "How a Woman Had Her Way," &c.; FEELING FROM FATE, by Louise Chandler Moulton, author of "Juno Clifford," "This, That and the Other," &c.

It will give a splendid DOUBLE PAGE FINELY COLORED FASHION PLATE—engraved on steel—in every number.

It will give a beautifully executed FANCY STEEL ENGRAVING in every number.

It will give a large assortment of WOOD CUTS, illustrating the Fashions, Fancy Work, &c., in every number.

It will give a popular piece of Music, worth the cost of the Magazine in itself—in every number.

It will give a copy of the new and splendid Premium Steel Engraving—"WASHINGTON AT MOUNT VERNON"—thirty inches long by twenty-one wide—to every full ($2 50) subscriber, and to every person sending a Club.

It offers as premiums a large variety of Books, Wheeler & Wilson's Sewing Machines, Silver Plated Tea Sets, Spoons, Pitchers, Gold and Silver Watches, Clothes Wringers, Croquet, Appleton's Cyclopedias, &c.

☞ A SPLENDID OFFER.—New subscribers who subscribe for 1868 by the first of November, shall receive the November and December numbers of this year in addition, making fourteen months in all! Those who subscribe by the first of December shall receive the December number, thirteen months in all!

TERMS.

1 copy (large Premium Engraving)	$2 50
4 copies	8 00
5 " (and one gratis)	8 00
8 " (and one gratis)	12 00

One copy each of LADY'S FRIEND and post, $3 00

The getter up of the club always receive a copy of the PREMIUM ENGRAVING. Members of clubs wishing the Premium Engraving, must remit ONE DOLLAR EXTRA.

☞ Those desirous of getting up Clubs or Premium Lists, should enclose fifteen cents for sample Magazine, containing the prospectus. Address, DEACON & PETERSON,
10:30-3t. 319 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

WANTED!

200 FARMERS!

To engage in a light and honorable business for the winter months, in the county where they reside, which will net them from $50 to $1 00 per month.

For particulars apply to, or address FAILMELEE BROS., 722 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

11:20-4t.

The Waynesburg Republican.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES OF THE MAILS TO AND FROM WAYNESBURG:

From Waynesburg to Waynesburg, arrival, Wednesdays, 7½ p. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 6, a. m.—(via Jolleytown.)

From Waynesburg to Willow Tree, arrival, Wednesdays, 11 a. m.; departure, Wednesdays, 12, m.

From Washington Pa. to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 7½ p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 8¼ a. m., (except Sundays.)

From Rice's Landing to Waynesburg, arrival daily, 6, p. m., (except Sundays,) departure daily, 6, a. m., (except Sundays).

From Waynesburg, Pa. to Cameron, W. Va., arrival, Tuesdays and Saturdays, 5, p. m., departure, Mondays and Fridays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to West Alexander, Wash. Co., Pa., arrival, Fridays, 7, p. m., departure, Saturdays, 7, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Morgantown, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Thursdays, 8, a. m.

From Waynesburg to Middlebourne, W. Va., arrival, Wednesdays, 5, p. m., departure, Tuesdays, 4, a. m.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.—The attention of our readers is specially directed to the following advertisements, which appear for the first time in our paper to-day.

Register's Notice—P. Brown.
Strayed—Jno. Share.
Special Notice—Dr. Helmbold.
List of Causes—J. F. Temple.
Agents Wanted—A. S. Hale & Co.

WANTED, CONTRACTS.—The P. O. Department has published a schedule of the mail routes in the State with the announcement that proposals will be received at the Contract Office until 3, P. M of Wednesday, March 4, 1868, for conveying said mails from July 1, 1868, to June 30, 1872 Below are the routes of our county and vicinity:

2324 From Waynesburg, by Hopkins Mill, Day's Store, Simpson's Store East Finley, West Finley, and Good Intent, to West Alexander, 33 miles and back, once a week. Leave Waynesburg Sturdiy at 7 a m. Arrive at West Alexander by 6 p m. Leave West Alexander Friday at 7 a m. Arrive at Waynesburg by 6 p m.

2325 From Waynesburg, by Rogersville, Jolleytown, and Dent, to Blacksville, 28 miles and back, once a week. Leave Waynesburg Wednesday at 8 a m. Arrive at Blacksville by 5 p m. Leave Blacksville Thursday at 8 a m. Arrive at Waynesburg by 5 p m.

2326 From Waynesburg, by Dent and Spragg's, to Blacksville, 18 miles and back, once a week. Leave Waynesburg Saturday at 1 p m. Arrive at Blacksville by 5 p m. Leave Blacksville Saturday at 8 a m. Arrive at Waynesburg by 12 m.

2327 From Waynesburg, by Fordyce, Whiteley, Willow Tree, and Mapletown, to Greensboro', 20 miles and back, once a week. Leave Waynesburg Wednesday at 1 p m. Arrive at Greensboro' by 7 p m. Leave Greensboro' Wednesday at 6 a m. Arrive at Waynesburg by 12 m.

2328 From Willow Tree to Davistown, 4 miles and back, once a week. Leave Davistown Wednesday at 1 p m. Arrive at Willow Tree by 2 p m. Leave Willow Tree Wednesday at 3 p m. Arrive at Davistown by 4 p m.

2329 From Waynesburg, by Hunter's Cove, Harvey's, Wind Ridge, Ryerson's Station, and Rock Lick, to Cameron, 31 miles and back, twice a week. Leave Waynesburgh Monday and Friday at 8 a m. Arrive at Cameron by p m. Leave Cameron Tuesday and Saturday at 8 am. Arrive at Waynesburg by 5 p m.

2330 From Waynesburg, by Oak Forrest, White Cottage, and New Freeport, to Milo, 20 miles and back, once a week. Leave Waynesburg Thursday at 7 a m. Arrive at Milo at 5 p m Leave Milo Friday at 7 a m Arrive at Waynesburgh by 5p m.

2331 From Rice's Landing, by Jefferson, to Waynesburg, 12 miles and back, six times a week. Leave Rice's Landing daily, except Sunday, at 1 p m. Arrive at Waynesburg by 5 p m Leave Waynesburg daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m Arrive at Rice's Landing by 11 a.m.

2332 From Carmichael's to Rice's Landing, 6 miles and back, six times a week. Leave Carmichael's daily, except Sunday, at 7 a m Arrive at Rice's Landing by 8 a m Leave Rice's Landing daily, except Sunday, at 9 a m. Arrive at Carmichael's by 10 a m

He pleases all and allows none to leave without their wants supplied—Guiher does.

THE LATEST CUT.—For sale at N. Clark, & Son's, the "Black Crook" handkerchief. To see is to buy.

GORED BY A BULL.—The Pitts. *Gazette* says, Ex-Sheriff Allen, of Fayette county, was nearly gored to death by an infuriated bull, a few days ago. While the animal was being taken away to suffer the penalty, it broke loose and attacked a blacksmith who was standing in his shop door, and carried him on his horns for nearly one hundred yards, without, however, seriously injuring his rider. His bulls'ship was shot a few minutes afterwards, with the said blacksmith's apron over his eyes, which he had carried away with him in his attack.

TRUE.—Just as the fellow remarked, you might as soon try to go to sea upon a shingle, make a ladder of fog, chase a streak of lightning through a crab apple orchard, swim up the rapids of the Niagara river, raise the dead, stop the tongue of an old maid, or set Lake Erie on fire with a wet match, as to stop Guiher from selling the cheapest and best Goods of any man in town.

THANKSGIVING.—Thursday next is the day appointed by the President and Governor to be observed in prayer and thanksgiving. We understand that services will be held in the Presbyterian church. It is hoped that all places of business will be closed.

"GREAT VICTORY."—At the late election the ladies of Waynesburg have, by their free and independent vote, declared that Frank McGurgan has the largest, cheapest, and best stock of Dry Goods in town.

THE Fayette County Poor House barn was burned on Wednesday night of last week. It is supposed to have been set on fire by an incendiary.

GUIHER favors Repudiation—of high prices.

QUICK TRIP.—The steamer "Elector," People's Line, Capt. Phillips, recently made the run from Pittsburg to Brownsville, landing sixteen times, in six hours and fourteen minutes.

ANYTHING you want you will find at Guiher's.

PAVING!—The dirt has disappeared from the pavement and yard of the square. Now, the stones down, and action taken to keep the trees from being uprooted by hogs and cattle.

$12,000 worth of Goods at Guiher's, cheap for Cash!

Y. M. L. A.—Young Men's Literary Associations are being formed in many places. Might not such an organization do good work here. The procurement of suitable instructive and amusing literary entertainment might thus be secured for Winter diversion.

THERE promises to be a strong pressure to bear upon Congress at its approaching session to secure a large reduction of the tax upon cotton and woolen fabrics. It is understood that Commissioner Wells will favor this reduction in his annual report, if accompanied by a corresponding reduction in the tariff rates on the same articles. Mr. Wells also recommends the repeal of the cotton tax.

WALL Papers, of various figures, and Carpets, at Frank McGurgan's.

FLOURISHING.—Washington and Jefferson College gives evidence of a vigorous existence. The whole number of students for the present term is about three hundred; one half at Washington, the other half at Canonsburg Some fifty are in the senior class.

"OH, how comfortable and how well she looks!" is the exclamation that escapes a bystander when some sensible lady trips by enveloped in handsome Furs and Muff purchased of Frank McGurgan. Go and buy.

THE roseber Time, that steals the sweetness from fruits and flowers, is baffled by Pualon's "Night-Blooming Cereus." Its aroma is less perishable than that of foreign extract, essence or toilet water, and incomparably more delightful.—*Hartford Courier.*

ALWAYS ON HAND.—Raked Coal, at the Ten Mile Coal Works, Sayers Bros.

A LARGE stock of overcoats, and other ready made clothing at greatly reduced prices, at Frank McGurgan's.

WHENE'ER I take my walks abroad, how many poor, miserable Dyspeptic people I see, who would be healthy, and rosy, and happy, if they took Plantation Bitters, that paragon of preparations for giving tone to the stomach, energy to the torpid liver, a joy to the nervous system, and strength to the muscles. It is an admirable regenerator of nature's wasted or neglected functional powers in either man or woman It gently excites and pleasantly soothes. With a bottle thereof, every man may be his own physician.

MAGNOLIA WATER.—A delightful toilet article—superior to Cologne and at half the price.

If your mo her's first cousin's brother in law married your family physician's aunt, the family physician's last patient's eldest daughter's intended husband should inherit the property. For further particulars, call at Guiher's and while he is showing his splendid stock of Fall and Winter Dry Goods, he will tell you who gets the property.

GOOD ROADS.—To the Ten Mile Coal works—along the new pike. Sayers Bros.

GUIHER has an immense stock of Dry Goods on hand.

STORM SIGNALS.—A proposition is to be presented to Congress for the use of storm signals, especially intended to benefit agriculture. Two cannon are to be stationed at each county seat When the telegraph brings the news of an approaching storm, the cannon will be fired at different intervals, which will indicate the direction whence the storm comes, and it is expected that the sound can be heard through the county.

THERE'S "no discount" on Guiher's Goods.

ALTOGETHER NEW.—The Ten Mile Coal Works. Sayers Bros.

SEVERE HURT.—We hear that a severe accident happened the wife of Rev. Gogley of Carmichaels, a few days since. Account says she was thrown from a buggy and had her knee cap torn from the high, probably injuring her for life. The lady will be better recognized by our readers, as Miss Hannah Day, her maiden name.

OUR enterprising and obliging young friend Frank McGurgan, has just received a second Fall arrival of Dress and Fancy Goods for Ladies and gentlemen.

DRY COAL.—At all times, at the Ten Mile Coal Works, Sayers Bros.

ATTENTION!—Persons can find E. M. Sayers, Esq., at his office, next door to Hoopes's grocery, during business hours. The "*Republican Office*" is a separate institution. We make this statement to save frequent calls, and those making them lost time.

EXPLOSION AT BROWNSVILLE.—A dispatch by P. & A. Telegraph, on Saturday last informs us that About six o'clock that evening, the Gas Works at Brownsville exploded, blowing the back part and top of the house out, and considerably damaging the front. The windows of the houses in the neighborhood were badly damaged, and those of the Merchant's Hotel, adjoining the Gas Works, were nearly all broken. The employees of the works were at supper when the explosion occurred, and no one was injured. The explosion was caused by a leak in the purifiers being ignited by a light in the room above. The tops were blown off of the purifiers, but no very serious damage done to the rest of the apparatus. The building was almost demolished.

REAL ESTATE CHANGING HANDS.—Last Saturday week "Wilson's Old Building," Main St. was sold at public sale, to R W Downey, Esq., for twenty five hundred and forty five dollars. Mr. Jas Guiher sold the Hamilton House recently, to Mr. W. E. Everly, of Dunkard tp., and Mr. Joseph Taylor, of Waynesburg, for nine thousand dollars.

We shall be obliged to those of our town patrons who are supplied by carrier if they will inform us of papers missed, having changed carriers of late.

REV. ENSLEY, elder of M. E. Church, preached here last week, and to different other congregations in the county.

THE Steam Mill at this place has been doing a good business for some months past. The drouth has evidently proved a "big thing" for its owners. The wagons about the mill resemble an army supply train "parked." They come from far and near. "It's an ill wind, etc."

THE weather still continues to be "perfectly lovely." We have had a regular old fashioned, hazy, Indian Summer.

OUR streets are thronged with farmer's wagons, and our merchants seem to be reaping a rich harvest.

MASTER Coker, the ci-devant boy soprano, commenced his public career by singing burnt cork ballads in Wood's troupe of negro minstrels in New York.

FRANK McGURGAN has decidedly the prettiest and cheapest goods ever offered in this market since the war.

GUIHER has the largest stock of Goods in he County!

Married.

NOTICES of Marriages and Deaths inserted free but all Tributes of Respect and Obituaries charged eight cents a line. The money must be advanced to secure their insertion.

GRIEVE—HUFFMAN—Nov. 9th 1867, by Rev. Jno. McIntyre, Mr. Jas. A. Grieve, and Mrs. Nancy E. Huffman, both of Waynesburg, Pa.

ADAMSON—SHARPNECK—On the 31st of October, by Rev. C. Tilton, Mr. A. H. Adamson and Miss Maggie A. Sharpneck, both of Greene county, Pa.

HARRIS—SLONAKER—On the 3d day of Oct. 1867, by A. J. Hinerman, Esq., Mr. George S. Harris and Miss Rachael Slonaker both of Greene county, Pa.

WELLING—TARR—On the 17th day of Oct. by the same, Mr. Edward Welling and Miss Sarah Tarr, both of Marshall county, West Va.

ORNDORF—ROSBERRY—On the 2d inst., by the same, Mr. John Orndorf and Miss Nancy Rosberry, both of Greene county, Pa

HYLES—CONDIT—On the 3d inst., by the same, Mr. John Hyles and Laura Condit, both of Marshall county, West Va.

Markets.

WAYNESBURG MARKET.

WAYNESBURG, Nov. 20, 1867.

Corrected Weekly for the REPUBLICAN.

PRODUCE.	
Butter (fresh roll,) ⅌ lb	35
Eggs ⅌ doz	20
Potatoes ⅌ bush	75@1 00
Lard ⅌ lb	10
Tallow ⅌ lb	12@
Country Soap ⅌ lb	08
Dried Apples ⅌ lb	7c
FLOUR AND GRAIN.	
Flour ⅌ bbl	13 00
Wheat ⅌ bush	2 40
Rye ⅌ bush	1 25
Corn ⅌ bush	75
Corn Meal ⅌ bush	80
GROCERIES.	
Coffee ⅌ lb	30@33
Tea ⅌ lb	1 85
Brown Sugar ⅌ lb	15
Refined Sugar ⅌ lb	20
Syrup ⅌ gal	60
Molasses (N. Orleans,)	1 20
Sorghum ⅌ gal	1 00
Salt ⅌ bbl	3 75
Rice ⅌ lb	15

ALLEGHENY CATTLE MARKET.

The Pittsburg "Gazette" of Thursday November 21, 1867, says, The cattle market has been remarkably dull during the past week, the sales in the aggregate, being very light, while prices are without quotable change. There was a fair supply of Cattle, but they were all of an inferior character, and as there is no demand of any consequence for this class of stock, there was but little done, as it was already intimated, the market was devoid of life and animation, and the few buyers that were in attendance, took hold very gingerly, there being nothing from which Philadelphia shippers could make selections, as there were but very few cattle here suitable for retailing in that market. 6 to 6½c are the highest figures reported, but prime fat cattle could not be bought at these quotations, and the reason why we have no better figures to record is owing to the fact that there were no sales of good cattle effected. This latter grade of stock would doubtless have brought 7 to 7¼, and even 7½. Stock cattle continue dull, though good feeding cattle are in fair demand, and sell without much difficulty at 5 to 5½.

HOGS—There has been a fair business done in this grade of stock during the past week, the sales in the aggregate being quite heavy, but with a supply full up to the demand, prices have undergone but little change. To-day, under the influence of unfavorable reports from New York, the market was a little weak and buyers were asking for concessions. We now quote at 6@6¼c for New York Hogs, and 6¼@6¾c for Philadelphia Hogs. It was reported to-day that nearly all of the regular shippers had a meeting on Tuesday night, at which it was resolved that for twenty days they would buy no hogs from commission men, and the reasons given therefor are quite numerous.

SHEEP—Prime fat Sheep may be quoted at 4½ and extra at 4¾@5c. Common to inferior sold from 3½c down to 2½c.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

MONDAY, Nov. 25, 1867.

The markets have been very dull during the past week. The stringency in money matters tends very materially towards restricting business.

We quote as follows, which are the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

GRAIN AND FLOUR.	
Wheat, Penn'a. and Ohio, Winter Red	$2 50@2 55
Rye ⅌ bush	1 52
Oats ⅌ bush	70@72c
Corn ⅌ bush	80@c
Spring Wheat Flour	10 25@10 75
Winter Wheat	11 00@15 00
PROVISIONS.	
Shoulders	11@c
Sugar Cured Hams	24@25
Lard	13@14
Potatoes, ⅌ bush	1 00@1 10
Apples ⅌ bbl	2 50@3 50
Cheese	10@14
Eggs ⅌ doz	30@32
Butter	35@41

CHICAGO MARKET.

WHEAT—Opened quiet at yesterday's prices, and closed steady at $1 72@1 72½ for No. 2.

CORN—Dull and lc lower, at 92½@93c for No. 2; 92@93c for No. 2, closing quiet.

OATS—Steady at 2½c higher, at 57@60, closing at the outside.

RYE—Less active at $1 30 for No. 1; $1 29@1 30 for No. 2.

DRESSED HOGS—Quiet at 5@6 75.

BEEF CATTLE—Quiet at $5 25@6 75 for fair to good shipping.

HOGS—Quiet at $5 75@6 10 for good to extra choice; $5 40@5 60 for fair to good.

THE Fairmont (Va.) *Vedette* says: "It seems probable, unless General Grant does or says something, he will be nominated and elected next President."

"FREDERICK, MD., Nov. 7.—Upon the receipt of the news of the elections on Tuesday, the rebel flag was flung to the breeze at Liberty Town, in this county."

Nothing but fear of a Radical flogging deterred the rebel democracy from hoisting the "stars and bars" over our court house after our late county election.

PRAIRIE fires rage in nearly all sections of the West. They have been particularly severe in some instances actually devastating whole farms. Immense amounts of property have been destroyed. The swamps in southwest Missouri are said to be a mass of fire, and along the Illinois Central Railroad for a distance of one hundred miles, the prairies are burning, and in Union County, Illinois, the flames extending into the woods, which are now burning. No relief is looked for unless a heavy general rain falls, of which there is no immediate prospect.

RUSSIAN AMERICA has been formally transferred to the United States, the ceremonies having taken place at New Archangel on October 8th.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters testamentary upon the estate of Jas. Stewart, of Center Tp., Greene county Pa., dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JAMES CALL,
JOB THROCKMORTON,
10:13-6w Executor.

Miscellaneous.

MEDICAL.

D. WHITTLESY.

DR. F. WHITTLESY, Physician for Chronic Diseases, has a permanent office in Washington, Pennsylvania, where he has been engaged for the past twelve years in the successful treatment of all

DISEASES OF A CHRONIC NATURE.

The Doctor might present a volume of certificates of cures, complimentary notices, &c., but the most satisfactory testimonial will be given the public in a trial of his skill. Dr. W. devotes exclusive attention to Chronic Ailments, in which his practice has been uniformly successful, effecting cures in many cases that have baffled all other systems of treatment.

Paralysis, Rheumatism, Bronchitis, Catarrah, Deafness, Diseases of the Spine, Stomach, Heart, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Lungs, Female Diseases, General Debility, &c., &c.,

Are all promptly and permanently cured by the Doctor's system of treatment. During the past few years, the Doctor has registered hundreds of cures to which he will be pleased to give those references who may call upon him. He invites all afflicted with any form of Chronic disease and having failed to obtain relief, to

GIVE HIS MEDICINES A TRIAL.

His principal agents are selected entirely from the Vegetable Kingdom, and these are so combined as to equalize the vital forces of the body and thereby restore it to perfect health. The Doctor has been especially successful in the treatment of all

FEMALE DISEASES.

Women by the score fall victims to maladies peculiar to their sex, many of whom might be saved from lives of wretchedness and premature graves by applying in time to Dr. W. The remedies employed in the practice of Dr. W. are manufactured exclusively by him from his own Medical Laboratory and are always pure in quality and specific in effect. Dr. W. diagnoses disease by means of the Urine, the only infallible test of disease, never failing to discover its nature, locality and curability, thus enabling him to employ a

RATIONAL, SCIENTIFIC AND CURATIVE TREATMENT.

Of the absolute certainty of this mode of diagnoses he can satisfy every patient who gives him a trial, from the urine alone he will tell accurately all that can be known of any disease. In the examination of this secretion, he employs optical, chemical and microscopical tests, no case being presented in which one of these tests is not sufficient to an accurate diagnoses. The Doctor does not claim to be a "cure all," nor yet "the right arm of the Almighty stretched forth to save the world from premature dissolution," but he does profess from scientific acquirements and

YEARS OF EXPERIENCE,

Devoted exclusively to the treatment of chronic ills, with his infallible tests of disease, to be able to relieve and permanently cure all those cases which are not already beyond the reach of remedies.

OFFICE

CORNER OF MAIN & CHESTNUT STS.,

OPPOSITE THE MANSION HOUSE

WASHINGTON, PA.

CONSULTATIONS

FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

9:21-tf. F. WHITTLESY.

MURDER!

"OVER THE LEFT."

A

Majority of those who read newspapers, never even give a hasty glance at a business advertisement and if a

MAN

Actually has a choice variety of goods which he is selling at the VERY LOWEST prices that can be afforded, it hardly pays him to publish the fact. Therefore we have

FOUND

It best to simply invite everybody to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere, and say but little in regard to our ability and determination to make it advantageous to those who are not

DEAD

To their own interest to buy their Candies, Nuts, Raisons, Groceries and everything

IN

The *Grocery* line of H. A. Rinehart, in Leiwith's old building, opposite the public square,

WAYNESBURG.

A FRESH SUPPLY

JUST RECEIVED AND

FOR SALE AT THE

LOWEST PRICES.

10:30-tf.

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

GROVESTEEN'S PIANOS,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway, New York,

499 Broadway New York,

Are unrivalled for DURABILITY, POWER and EVENNESS OF TONE. They are fast becoming the favorite over all others, with Musicians, Amateurs, and all lovers of GOOD MUSIC. They are warranted in every respect. Prices one-third lower than other first-class makers. Send for Circular. GROVESTEEN & CO.,

9:25-3mos. 499 Broadway, N. Y.

THE WONDER OF THE AGE!

TIME, MONEY AND LABOR SAVED!

THE LATEST & BEST CHURN!

One of the latest Patents, issued on the 11th day of September, 1867, to Wm. R. McCutcheon, of Washington, Iowa, will be on exhibition in a few days at

JOHN MUNNELL'S,

in Waynesburg, Pa. This CHURN must supercede anything of the kind heretofore produced. The simpleness of its construction, and its two-fold or reversed motion, that produces butter from three to six minutes must induce the community to examine its qualities. It saves time—it saves work—and produces as much butter as any churn in existence. Mr. Munnell has full power to sell rights for Pennsylvania or New York State as well as to furnish Churns to citizens of this county.

MORRIS, ULLOM & CO.,
3:27-tf. Agents.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORLD RENOWNED

SINGER

SEWING MACHINE.

D. WHITTLESY.

OUR NEW FAMILY MACHINE,

Has been over two years in preparation, and which has been brought to perfection regardless of time, labor or expense, and is now confidently presented to the public as incomparably the best Sewing Machine in existence.

The Machine in question is simple, compact, durable and beautiful. It is quiet, light running and capable of performing a range and variety of work never before attempted upon a single Machine—using either Silk, Twist, Linen or Cotten Thread, and sewing with equal facility the very finest and coarsest materials, and anything between the two extremes, in the most beautiful and substantial manner. Its attachments for Hemming, Braiding, Cording, Tucking, Quilting, Felling, Trimming, Binding, etc., are Novel and Practical, and have been invented and adjusted especially for this Machine.

New designs of the unique, useful and popular folding tops and cabinet cases peculiar to the Machines manufactured by this Company have been prepared for enclosing the new Machines. These are gotten up in every variety of wood, such as Black Walnut, Mahogany, Rosewood, and the like, and from the plainest to the most elaborate pattern and finish—the Machines themselves being more or less highly ornamented, to correspond with the Tables or Cabinets for which they are intended.

A few reasons why SINGER'S latest improved SEWING MACHINES are the best for Family and General Purposes.

1st. You can sew anything from the finest single thickness of Swiss or Nansook to several thicknesses of the heaviest Beaver cloth, using any kind or size of thread with equal facility, from No. 200 Cotton up to the heaviest patent or Linen thread.

2d. It uses a short, straight needle, easily set, and makes the popular Lock Stitch alike on both sides.

3d. It has an even self-adjusting tension which requires no change for different thicknesses of material or different sizes of thread.

4th. It is free from all springs, wires and other complications, and is almost noiseless.

5th. No threads to hold or wheels to turn in starting.

6th. It does not have to be taken apart to oil and clean it.

7th. It has a perfect feed whereby you can sew the finest materials without having to keep your work stretched to prevent its "puckering," and you never have to assist the work through as in all other machines.

8th. It will hem any width, sew a straight seam, or make a roll in the most perfect manner, with less skill than is required to sew a straight seam on any other machine.

Its attachments for Braiding, Cording, Quilting, Binding, Tucking, &c., are novel and practical, and require but little skill to use them.

Careful instructions given at the house of the purchaser.

Money refunded if the machines are not as represented.

Every machine warranted and kept in repair three years without charge.

H. P. UNCAPHER,
Agent for Greene County,
9:4-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

EMPIRE SEWING MACHINE COMPANY.

SALESROOM, 616 Broadway, N. Y.

No. 1 FAMILY MACHINE. This machine has a straight needle, perpendicular action, makes the Lock or Shuttle Stitch, which will neither rip nor ravel, and is alike on both sides; performs perfect sewing on every description of material, with cotton, linen or silk thread.

It Hems, Fells, Binds, Braids, Tucks, Quilts, Plaits and Gathers. As a Family Machine, it has no superior. Price, with Hemmer and Braider, $60.

Particular attention is called to our New Improved Manufacturing Machines. They run light and are comparatively noiseless, simple, durable and efficient. For cloth or Leather work they have no competitors.

No. 2 Machine, with Hemmer and Braider, $75. No. 3 Machine, $85.

☞ Agents wanted, to whom a liberal discount will be given.

9:23-3mos.

Dry Goods.

FRANK McGURGAN

ANNOUNCES HIMSELF AS A CANDIDATE FOR THE PATRONAGE OF THE PEOPLE IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING DRY GOODS.

ROOM OPPOSITE THE GREENE HOUSE,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

He has just received and is now offering for sale at the lowest prices, the finest stock of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

Ever before offered in this market, consisting in part, of Fall and Winter Clothing

FOR MEN AND BOYS!

A very large stock that cannot be excelled; also, a very superior assortment of

LADIES' GOODS

Of all kinds, consisting in part, of New Dress and Cloak Trimmings, Velvet Ribbons—every width and shade; Satins and silks, latest styles;

BUGLE TRIMMINGS AND BUTTONS!

Sash, Bonnet, Neck and Trimming Ribbons; Laces—real point, Applique and Valencia. Handkerchiefs—Lace, Embroidered, Hemstitched and Plain. Hamburg work—a fine assortment.

JET AND BOGWOOD JEWELRY.

A large assortment of Kid Gloves—first quality for ladies and gentlemen.

STRAW, VELVET AND PLUSH HATS

Bonnets and Bonnet Frames; Bonnet ornaments and flowers, both French and American; together with any and all articles in use by ladies. Ask for anything you want and we can supply you. Also a fine assortment of

CARPETS AND WALL PAPER

of various kinds and patterns, all of which will be sold cheap as the cheapest.

11:13-tf. FRANK McGURGAN.

READ AND KNOW—

QUICK SALES AND SHORT PROFITS!

IMMENSE STOCK OF FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS

Constantly arriving at the Store of

JOHN MUNNELL,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

Consisting, in part, of

GROCERIES,
CONFECTIONARIES,
TOBACCO,
SEGARS,
SNUFF,
CRACKERS,
CHEESE,
MOLASSES,
CARBON OIL,
FISH,
BACON,
&c., &c., &c.,

In addition to the above, a full stock of

NOTIONS, HARDWARE, SPECTACLES, POCKET KNIVES

and thousands of other articles, which are being sold as low as the

TIMES WILL PERMIT!

COME AND BUY.

JOHN MUNNELL.

11:13tf.

I. O. OF O. F.

HOSHIMKA LODGE, NO. 558.

Hall in Ganser's Building, East Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Thursday evening, each week. 4th.

Clothing.

AN IMMENSE STOCK OF WINTER CLOTHING—

NOW OPENING AT

N. CLARK & SON'S

FASHIONABLE AND POPULAR CLOTHING STORE.

Bought just in the "Nick of Time," and will be sold only a fraction higher than in the days of

GOLD AND SILVER!

We can offer inducements that no other establishment

IN THE PLACE CAN!

Having made our purchase in Philadelphia in the most

FAVORABLE TIME OF THE SEASON.

We invite particular attention to our business suits and

FINE BEAVER OVERCOATS!

In the

FRENCH,
MOSCOW,
CHINCHILLA
and AMERICAN

Beaver Overcoats, we cannot be surpassed for

QUALITY, STYLE, OR PRICE.

A large selection of GENT'S and BOY'S Clothing. We have Hats and Caps for Men and Boys of all the

LATEST AND BEST STYLES.

In our Gentlemen's Furnishing Department we make it

OUR SPECIAL OBJECT

To keep a better class of goods than can be found in any similar Establishment. Having always on hand all the neatest and most novel styles of

TIES,
SCARFS,
COLLARS,
&c, &c., &c.,

In PAPER COLLARS we have no equal. We have only to add:

Oh! Coutless mortals, where ever you be,
Behold these lines and see your remedy;
Ye weary men with Cuff and Collars worn,
With Stockings full of holes and badly torn,
Whose gloves are thumbless and ties are lost,
Come and replace them at little cost.
We'll fit you out in style from head to feet,
You'll look so well where'er you walk the street.

JUST OPPOSITE DAY'S BOOT STORE,

10:30-tf.

THE LATEST SENSATION!

TELEGRAPHIC!

The President has not yet been Impeached, but

A. J. SOWERS

Has purchased an immense stock of

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING!

OVERCOATS,
PANTS,
VESTS,
HATS,
CAPS,
ETC., ETC.,

of the latest style and best workmanship. A choice stock of

NOTIONS!

Hosiery,
Collars,
Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties,
Suspenders, etc.,

also on hand, which will be sold at astonishingly

LOW PRICES!

Call and see him before you buy elsewhere. He invariably satisfies all

WHO WISH TO PURCHASE!

Room in Allison's building, Waynesburg, Pa.

A. J. SOWERS.

10:2-3m

VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.—

By virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Greene Co., and to me directed, I will expose to sale on the premises, on the

12th OF DECEMBER

next, all that certain tract of land, late the property of JOHN LUCAS, deceased; situate in Jefferson township, about one and a half miles from Rice's Landing and Clarksville; adjoining lands of George Murdock, Levi Blackledge, Abraham Burson and others, containing ONE HUNDRED AND FORTY-FOUR ACRES more or less; having thereon erected a good Stone Dwelling House, Log Barn, Frame Stable and other out-buildings; also, a good

APPLE ORCHARD

and all kinds of fruit trees, being one of the best improved farms in the county and among the most desirable properties.

TERMS:—Made known on day of sale.

ELIZABETH LUCAS,
11:6-ts. Executrix.

LAND SALE.

For sale, 1,500 acres of Timber Land, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, near Littleton Station, West Va., on which there is a Steam Saw Mill, Tannery and abundance of the best kind of Stave, Building and Stave Timber. Is rich and well adapted to grazing, and will be cut in parcels to suit purchasers. Apply to O. Marshall near the premises, or to Dawson Adams, Waynesburg, Greene County, Pa.

6:26-6m

GREENE COUNTY, S. S.

In the Orphans' Court of said county, of September Term, 1867, No. 22.

In the matter of the settlement of the account of David R. Jones, Administrator upon the estate of John Jones, dec'd.

Balance due accountant.....$4,728 11.

And now, to wit: September 18, 1867, presented for confirmation and exceptions filed by Ellis Stephenson, in right of his wife; the same is referred to John C. Flenniken, Esq., Auditor, to hear the evidence on the exceptions and make report. By the court.

Attest, J. F. TEMPLE, Clerk of Court.

I will attend to the above appointment at the Court House, in Waynesburg, Friday, November 15th, 1867, at 1 o'clock, p. m.

10:16-3w JNO. C. FLENNIKEN, Auditor.

Gift Enterprise.

THE WASHINGTON LIBRARY COMPANY—

PHILADELPHIA,

IS CHARTERED BY THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND ORGANIZED IN AID OF

THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE,

FOR EDUCATING GRATUITOUSLY

SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' ORPHANS,

Incorporated by the State of New Jersey,

APRIL 8th, 1867.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR.

The Washington Library Company, by virtue of their charter, and in accordance with its provisions, will distribute

THREE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS

IN PRESENTS

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS,

On WEDNESDAY, 8th of JANUARY, next,

AT PHILADELPHIA, PA.,

Or at the Institute, Riverside, N. J.

One Present, worth	$10,000
One Present, worth	10,000
One Present, worth	10,000
One Present, worth	5,000
Two Presents, worth $2,500 each	5,000
One Present, valued at	18,000
Two Presents, valued at $15,000 each	30,000
One Present, valued at	10,000
Four Presents, valued at $5,000 each	20,000
Two Presents, valued at $3,000 each	6,000
Three Presents, valued at $1,000 each	3,000
Twenty Presents, valued at $500 each	10,000
Ten Presents, valued at $300 each	3,000
Three Presents valued at $250 each	750
Twenty Presents, valued at $225 each	4,500
Fifty-five Presents, valued at $2,000 each	11,000
Fifty Presents, valued at $85 each	8,750
110 presents, valued at $100 each	11,000
Twenty Presents, valued at $75 each	1,500
Ten Presents, valued at $50 each	500
The remaining presents consists of articles of use and value, appertaining to the diffusion of Literature and the fine Arts	82,000
Total,	$300,000

Each Certificate of Stock is Accompanied with a

BEAUTIFUL STEEL-PLATE ENGRAVING

WORTH MORE AT RETAIL THAN THE COST OF CERTIFICATE.

And also insures to holder a

PRESENT IN THE GREAT DISTRIBUTION.

SUBSCRIPTION ONE DOLLAR.

Any person sending us ONE DOLLAR, or paying the same to our local Agents, will receive immediately a Fine Steel-Plate Engraving, at choice from the following list, and One Certificate of Stock, insuring one present in the GREAT DISTRIBUTION.

ONE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

No. 1—"My Child! My Child!" No. 2—"They're Saved! They're Saved!" No. 3—"Old Seventy-six; or, the Early Days of the Revolution."

Any person paying "two dollars" will receive either of the following Fine Steel-Plates, at choice, and Two Certificates of Stock, thus becoming entitled to Two Presents.

TWO DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

No. 1—"Washington's Courtship." No. 2—"Washington's last Interview with his Mother."

THREE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any person paying "Three Dollars" will receive the Beautiful Steel Plate of

"HOME FROM THE WAR."

and Three Certificates of Stock, becoming entitled to Three presents.

FOUR DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS.

Any person paying "Four Dollars" shall receive the large and splendid steel Plate of

"THE PERILS OF OUR FOREFATHERS,"

and Four Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Four Presents.

FIVE DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS

Any persons who pay "Five Dollars," shall receive the large and splendid Steel Plate of

"THE MARRIAGE OF POCAHONTAS,"

and Five Certificates of Stock, entitling them to Five Presents.

The Engravings and Certificates will be delivered to to each subscriber at our local Agencies, or sent by mail, post paid, or express, as may be ordered.

HOW TO OBTAIN SHARES AND ENGRAVINGS.

Send orders to us by mail, enclosing from $1 to $20, either by Post Office orders, or in a registered letter, at our risks. Larger amounts should be sent by draft or express.

10 shares with Engravings	$ 9 50
25 shares with Engravings	22 50
50 shares with Engravings	45 00
75 shares with Engravings	65 00
100 shares with Engravings	90 00

Local Agents Wanted throughout the United States.

THE RIVERSIDE INSTITUTE,

Situate at Riverside, Burlington County, New Jersey, is founded for the purpose of gratuitously educating the sons of deceased Soldiers and Seamen of the United States.

The Board of Trustees consists of the following well-known citizens of Pennsylvania and New Jersey:—

Hon. WM. B. MANN,
District Attorney, Philadelphia, Pa.
Hon. LEWIS R. BROOMALL, Ex-Chief Comer U. S. Mint, and Recorder of Deeds, Phila. Pa.
Hon. JAS. M. SCOVEL, New Jersey.
Hon. W. W. WARE, New Jersey.
HENRY GORMAN, Esq.,
Agent Adams' Express, Phila. Pa.
J. E. COE,

Business Cards.

T. W. ROSS,

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,

Office in Jewell's building, West end of Main St. Waynesburg. 4;1:'66-tf.

SLATER ODENBAUGH,

DEALER IN DRUGS AND MEDICINES,

Liquors and everything pertaining to a first class Drug Store. Prescriptions carefully compounded. "Creigh's Old Stand," Waynesburg Pa. 5;2:'66-1y.

GEO. S. JEFFERY,

NOTARY PUBLIC.

All business pertaining to the office attended to promptly. Office with P. & A. Telegraph Co., east of the Court House. 4;1-tf.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK,

OF WAYNESBURG

DISCOUNT DAY.....TUESDAYS.
D. BOSLER, Pres't. J. C. FLENNIKEN, Cashier.
May 15, '66-1y.

F. A. BALL,

Dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, Hardware, etc., etc.

AT McCOY'S OLD STAND,

28;8-1y. Greensboro, Pa.

LEWIS DAY,

DEALER IN BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

Wall Paper, Window Paper, &c. Sunday School Books of all kinds constantly on hand, room in Miss Ross's building, formerly occupied by Cotton & Taylor, Waynesburg, Pa.
May 9, 66-1y.

WM. BAILEY,

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE.

Keeps on hands always a choice and select assortment of Watches and Jewelry. Repairing done at the lowest rates. 4;1:'67-1y.

THE MONONGAHELA HOUSE,

RICE'S LANDING, GREENE COUNTY, PA.,

OLIVER & BAYARD, PROPRIETORS,

The best accommodations furnished the travelling public. House and appurtenances complete. Table always spread bountifully with the delicacies of the season. Horses for hire; feed and stabling at reasonable rates. 6;26-tf.

WM. T. WEBB, JR.,

SADDLE AND HARNESS MAKER,

(IN WILSON'S BUILDING, MAIN ST.)

Saddles, Bridles, Harness kept on hand and made to order. Work done in the best style, and at reasonable rates.

☞Repairing a speciality on short notice. Farmer friends go look at his stock. 4;24-1y.

DENTISTRY.

I have located in Waynesburg, and am occupying the late residence of Dr. S. S. Patton. Having taken great pains to become thoroughly acquainted with both the theory and practice of Dentistry, and having had an experience of seven years in the profession, I feel warranted in saying that my patients shall have no cause to complain of inferior operations. Extraction will be rendered painless, when desired, by the administration of "Laughing gas" or other anæsthetics. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted as represented. I will be at home WITHOUT PER ADVENTURE from the fifteenth to the thirtieth of every month. JOS. S. HERTIG.
6;13-tf

MARBLE WORKS,

SUMMERSGILL & BRO.

(JEWELL'S OLD STAND, UPPER END OF TOWN.)

The public are respectfully informed that Summersgill & Bro. have just received a large stock of all kinds of

MARBLE WORK!

Such as Grave Stones, Monuments, Mantle Work, &c. We are prepared to furnish work at reasonable terms on short notice. Call and examine our stock, styles, and prices, before purchasing elsewhere. 6;8-tf.

SHERMAN HOUSE,

JUST OPENED BY

THOMAS BRADLEY.

Positively the most complete Hotel in our town. Everything combined to furnish the best accommodation ever yet offered to the public.

Meals furnished at all hours, table provided with the best of the season.

Travellers and those desirous of refreshment will do well to call. "Tom" still retains his old reputation of an accommodating gentleman, and hospitable landlord. House, the one formerly occupied by the "Messenger" Office. 5;2:'66-1y.

JOHN H. HOFFMAN,

MORGANTOWN, WEST VIRGINIA.

ATTORNEY FOR COLLECTING

PENSIONS, BOUNTIES, ARREARS OF PAY,

AND ALL MILITARY CLAIMS.

Having had 17 years experience in prosecuting such claims, I have become familiar with the various Laws—and the large amount of record evidence in my possession enables me to be very successful in prosecuting suspended claims, and in many instances have proved successful when the claimant had long given them up in despair. No matter how difficult the claim so it is just.
8;28-1y.

ROBERT DOUGHERTY,

CARRIAGE MANUFACTURER, WAYNESBURG, PA.

Respectfully gives notice that he has located in Waynesburg, Pa., where he intends to manufacture

CARRIAGES

Of every description. From his experience in the business he feels confident that his work, in style, finish and durability, will give entire satisfaction. It is his determination to purchase the best material in market, and employ none but competent workmen.

☞All work warranted for one year. ☜
2;21:'66-tf.

WAYNESBURG MARBLE AND STONE WORKS.

SAYERS & RINEHART.

Still continue to carry on the Marble and Stone cutting business at their long established stand immediate east of the Public Square, between High and Greene streets, Waynesburg, Pa.

This establishment has been in constant operation since 1838, and the long experience and energy of the proprietors, linked with the exercise of sound judgment and good taste, have won for them a wide spread and enviable reputation. An extensive stock of the various varieties of the best marble kept constantly on hand. Special attention paid to polishing, pressing, carving and engraving.

All orders promptly filled. 4;23:'66-tf.

GEORGE C. STURGISS, Attorney at Law. JOHN C. WAGNER, Notary Public.

STURGISS & WAGNER,

UNITED STATES CLAIM AND GENERAL COLLECTING AGENTS.

☞For the adjustment of CLAIMS, of all kinds against the United States, such as

PENSIONS, INCREASE OF PENSIONS, BOUNTY, $100 EXTRA BOUNTY,

and those of any other class call on or write to the Military and Naval Agency of

STURGISS & WAGNER,
Walnut St., 1 door below Hagans' corner,
(Up Stairs,)
8;21,'67-6m MORGANTOWN, W. VA.

E. A. TINKER.....H. L. MAPEL.

TINKER & MAPEL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

FOR THE SALE OF

HOGS, CATTLE AND SHEEP,

AT THEIR OWN YARDS,

WEST BALTIMORE, MARYLAND,

ADJOINING MD. LIVE STOCK SCALES.

Consignments respectfully solicited. All communications promptly answered. Post Office Address, P. O. Box 1,156. 1;26-y.

Groceries &c.

NEW EXCITEMENT!

THE PROPOSED IMPEACHMENT

—OF—

H. RINEHART!

FOR SELLING CHEAP GROCERIES!

—o—

Having just returned from the city, he has opened the largest

NEW GROCERY!

in town. He desires to inform the citizens of Waynesburg and vicinity of the care he has taken in selecting his stock, having on hand a good supply of

CONFECTIONS, TOBACCO, CIGARS, TAR, also, PROVISIONS, BACON DRIED BEEF, POTATOES, FISH, DRIED PEACHES, &c., &c., &c., &c.

Call and see him as he has been getting

A NEW SUPPLY!!

You will find him accommodating, and can sell lower than any one in the place. Be sure to go to the right place, in

LEDWITH'S OLD BUILDING,

Opposite the Court House and formerly occupied by the Post Office. 4;18:'66-tf.

RECONSTRUCTION!

NOT OF THE UNION,

BUT OF

ISAAC HOOPER'S

GROCERY AND CONFECTIONERY!

Mr. Hooper would still have his friends and patrons bear in mind, that he continues in the Grocery and Confectionery trade at his usual place of doing business, and that he has just received

A FRESH SUPPLY

of the best quality of all articles in his line.

TOYS—NOTIONS, and a great variety of useful articles always on hand.

REFRESHMENTS.

In connection with the above, Mr. Hooper keeps a Restaurant, where

ICE CREAM, BERRIES,

And all the luxuries of the season can be obtained.

The most attractive and most popular resort in town. 6;14:'65-1y.

WILLIAM WALLACE,

DEALER IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

OE DOOR WEST OF PETER BROW'S STORE.

We have just received a well selected stock of Choice FAMILY GROCERIES, which we purchased for CASH and are confident that we can supply our customers and all who may favor us with a call, as cheap, if not cheaper, than any other house in the county.

COFFEES,
SUGARS,
MOLASSES,
SYRUPS,
TEAS,
RICE,
SODA,
TOBACCOS,
CIGARS,
SNUFFS, CANDLES, SOAPS, EXTRACT, COFFEE, STRAWBERRIES, JELLIES,
&c., &c., &c.,

Don't fail to examine our stock and see for yourselves, for we are determined to sell as cheap as the cheapest. 5;8-tf '67

JOHN HUGHES.....THOMAS LUCAS.

T. LUCAS & CO.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

And dealers in Groceries, Hardware, Leather, Shoe Findings, Iron, Nails, Salt, Fish, &c. Also, agents for Aubrey, Cromlow & Coon's Window Sash. A supply kept constantly on hands. Rice's Landing, Pa., above the RUN. 6;5-tf.

LAZEAR BROTHERS,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

No. 77, EXCHANGE PLACE, BALTIMORE.

JAS. B. LAZEAR,
WM. L. LAZEAR. 5;15-1y.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

As the firm of HUGHES & LUCAS is dissolved by mutual consent, the Commission business will still be carried on at the old stand, in good order, and on the most reasonable terms, in the name and style of L. HUGHES & CO., (senior partner.) They flatter themselves, by having the House and the best location in the place for that business, that they will RECEIVE a liberal share of the public patronage.

They will also keep a good supply of GROCERIES on hand to accommodate all who may favor them with a call.

L. HUGHES & CO.,
4;10-tf. Rice's Landing, Pa.

SOMETHING NEW

IN WAYNESBURG, PENN'A.

THOS. BRADEN & CO.,

(At the store room formerly occupied by Andrew Wilson, Sr., next door to Braden's Drug Store.)

Respectfully informs the good people of Greene county, that they have opened a

HARDWARE STORE!

And invites a call from their friends and the public generally. Their store is filled with everything in their line needed by the farmer and mechanic. Being practical farmers, they know exactly the wants of their farmer friends. Among their variety of goods will be found Iron, Nails, of all kinds, Planes of all varieties, Augers, Braces, &c. Tuttle toothed, cross cut and mill saws, hand saws and tools of all descriptions.

AGRICTLTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

Mowing Machines, Cutting Boxes, Corn Shellers, Plows, Cultivators, Shovels, Forks, and everything in their line.

SADDLERY HARDWARE.

A general assortment of saddlery hardware, to which they invite the attention of purchasers.

WOODEN WARE OF ALL KINDS.

Tubs, Buckets, Butter Bowls and all kinds of Kitchen Wooden Fixin's. Willow Baskets, Brooms, Brushes, Coal Buckets, Brass Kettles, Buggy Whips, Shot guns, Boys Wagons and Sleds.

All persons desirous of purchasing any of the above articles and many others not mentioned, will consult their interest by

CALLING SOON.

They will take pleasure in showing their stock at all times. Recollect them as you come to town. Remember the place, opposite the First National Bank.
8;22-tf T. BRADEN & CO.

Dry Goods.

DRY GOODS

AT

WHOLESALE.

M'ELROY, DICKSON & CO.

NO. 54 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Now offer to dealers their

FALL STOCK,

AT

LOW PRICES FOR CASH.

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS,

IN GREAT VARIETY.

9;11-3m.

BEAUTIFUL DISPLAY!

OF

DRY GOODS, CLOTHS, CASSIMERS, &c.,

AT

EVANS' ESTABLISHMENT.

COMPLETE ASSORTMENT

OF

EVERYTHING IN THE LINE!

Wishing to close out for the Fall trade, he offers his goods at astonishing low rates for cash. The stock is as late as the latest and the best in market.

Minor's Building, opposite the Greene House. 4;24-3m. L. K. EVANS.

FIRST ARRIVAL

OF A FULL STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS!

AT

SHIRK & SUTTON'S.

We desire to inform our customers and all those who wish to buy

GOOD GOODS AT LOW PRICES

That we are receiving a complete stock of Fall and Winter Goods, which we are determined to sell, if you will come and see them. Our stock of

DRY GOODS,

embrace the best staples, extra heavy brown muslins, drilling, canton flannels, bleached muslin, gingham, a good assortment of

FINE DRESS GOODS!

also, general notions, hosiery, gloves, trimming, ribbons, buttons, &c., &c. Also, a lot of extra flannels, white, red, gray, figured and barred,

IN ABUNDANCE!

Boots and Shoes, extra, heavy, hand made boots, for men and boys, and an assortment of fine and heavy shoes for Women, Misses and Children. Come to us to buy your boots and shoes for the winter.

HATS AND CAPS

for men and boys, a great variety and at prices to suit all. Full style of ladies hats, wreaths, feathers, flowers, Dress trimmings, &c.

Some choice groceries, tea, coffee, sugar, rice, soda, pepper, spice, good indigo, &c. Come and see our stock,

DON'T MISS THE PLACE,

A. Wilson Jr.'s building.

SHIRK & SUTTON,
9;18,'67-tf Waynesburg, Pa.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED—

TO SOLICIT ORDERS FOR A NEW ILLUSTRATED

BIBLE DICTIONARY.

(COMPLETE IN ONE VOLULE.)

This DICTIONARY embodies the result of the most recent study, research and investigation, of about sixty-five of the most eminent and advanced Biblical Scholars now living. Clergymen of all denominations approve it, and regard it as the best work of its kind in the English language, and one which ought to be in the hands of every Bible reader in the land.

In circulating this work, agents will find a pleasant and profitable employment. The numerous objections which are usually encountered in selling ordinary works will not exist with this.

But on the contrary, encouragement and friendly aid will attend the Agent, making his labors agreeable, useful, and lucrative.

Ladies, retired Clergymen, School Teachers, Farmers, Students, and all others who possess energy, are wanted to assist in Canvassing every town and county in the country, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

For particulars, apply to, or address,

PARMELEE BROTHERS,
722 Sansom Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
10;9 '67-6t.

ENERGETIC MEN AND LADIES WANTED TO CANVASS FOR THE

ORIGIN AND HISTORY OF THE

BOOKS OF THE BIBLE.

BY PROF. CALVIN E. STOWE, D. D.

Showing what the Bible is not; what it is, and how to use it; tracing the history of each book up to its origin with the inspired authors, and completely answering all infidel cavils and objections to the Scriptures. It is an ordinary library of Biblical History in a single volume, brief, clear, accurate, conclusive and highly interesting. A master-piece of common sense. It is needed in every family where the Bible is read, as well as by every Sabbath School teacher, student and clergymen, and being the only book on the subject ever published or sold in this country, agents can easily see the advantage of canvassing for this work. Send for circulars containing notices and indorsements from leading ministers of all denominations. Address,

ZEIGLER, McCURDY & CO.,
No. 614 Arch Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
10;20-4m.

MARRIED LIFE—

Information and advice of vital importance to the married of both sexes, in a sealed envelope, can be obtained free of charge by addressing the undersigned.

Respectfully,
JAMES B. BUTLER,
823 Broadway, N. Y.
9;28-mos.

Select Reading.

THE *Lacrosse Democrat* boasts that it has, next to *The Weekly Tribune*, the largest subscription of any political newspaper in the country. It has won this extensive patronage by the most open, hearty, determined championship of the Rebel cause. It predicted and virtually demanded President Lincoln's assassination; it exulted, and still exults, over that fiendish crime; and it day by day denounces the National Debt as a huge, atrocious swindle, which is to be wiped out so soon as the Democracy achieves power. Here is one of its latest utterances;

"Rebellion a crime." Liar in your throat Phil Sheridan! Every hour justifies the acts of those who from Bull Run to Richmond, through four years of battle and blood, sacrifices and struggles, labored, suffered, fought, died for the cause of civil freedom. Every revolving year makes the "lost cause" more sacred to the lovers of liberty, dearer to the hearts of those who were faithful to it from its inception to its temporary fall."

Such fulminations have given *The Democrat* a large circulation in this State, though it is printed on the banks of the Mississippi; and its patrons are steadily increasing.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

LATEST FASHIONS.—Eyes continue to be worn, one on each side of the nose, and immediately under the brows. The color is varied to suit the occasion, and just now the prevailing tint is green—a fine sea-green. Black, blue, and gray are still worn in the home circle.

Noses maintain their position on the centre of the face. The Grecian or aquiline is generally prefered, but the snubs have held their places on very pretty faces.

Lips are midway between the nose and point of the chin, and are a pale pink. The coral variety is no longer tolerated, except in girls not yet come out.

Teeth will be some what larger, and of bluish tint, to correspond with the complexion, which must be a dead white and magenta red.

Ears are worn, one on each side of the head, with the hair all carried up so as to give them a peculiar appearance of alertness.

THE IRON EGG.—In Dresden there is an iron egg, the history of which is something like this: A young prince sent this iron egg to a lady to whom he was betrothed. She received it in her hand, and looked at it in disdain. In her indignation that he should send her such a gift, she cast it to the earth. When it touched the ground a spring cunningly hidden in the egg, opened, and a silver yolk, rolled out. She touched a secret spring in the yolk, and a golden chicken was revealed; she touched a spring in the chicken, and a crown was found within; she touched a spring in the crown, and within it was found a diamond marriage-ring. There is a moral to the story.

COAL FAMINE IN CINCINNATI.—Owing to the suspension of river navigation, coal has risen in the Cincinnati market to upward of 30c a bush., and the city has consequently commenced to sell its fuel reserve, kept on hand for such an emergency. About five thousand bushels per day are sold at 20c per bushel to the poor, and as the stock is becoming reduced, the Council have authorized the mayor, President of the Council, and Fuel Committee to purchase and keep on hand a supply, to be sold the needy at cost, until such time as a rise in the river may cause a fall in the price at the private coal yards.

The Catholics claim that the number of their faith in New York city is not less than six hundred thousand. The estimate may be exaggerated, but there is no doubt that the Catholics are far more numerous than any other sect in New York, and that their number is rapidly increasing. As a rule they are the poorest of the population, and yet they surpass all other sects in liberality when churches are to be purchased or built.

The Reading *Dispatch* contains the following interesting facts; The wife of a carpet weaver in a neighboring township, gave birth to four infants on the morning of November 9th. The average weight is seven pounds each. Two are males and two are females. Mother and children are doing well. A good hand—two pairs.

Mr. Beecher says: "I do not think amusements can be good generally in a community to which a man is ashamed to take his whole family with him. If there is anything you would not like them to participate in with you, the presumption is that it is wrong, and this might be a rule of judgment far more wide than it is now."

A QUIET, honest old colored man, named Alex. Whete, went to church at Salem, Ind., on Sunday evening, and his presence was objected to by an ex-rebel ruffian, but the old man stayed to the close of the services. On his way home the ex-rebel waylaid and killed him.

I MADE a box and filled it with mold. In the mold I sowed some seed, and then placed the box in my window sill, and what do you think came up? A policeman, and told me to take it down again.

IT is said that at a New England town where Sheridan stopped a few minutes, the girls expressed their admiration by kisses. One lass failed to reach his lips. "It was a miss," said Sheridan, "but a good line shot."

JOSH BILLINGS says that if a man professes to serve the Lord, he likes to see him do it when he measures onions as well as when he hollers glory halleluyer.

ADMIRAL FARRAGUT saw in Sweden an entire battery of breech-loading cannon, made of wrought iron, taken out of a vessel sunk sometime during the seventeenth century.

PITHOLE CITY, Pennsylvania, which at one time during the oil excitement contained about 14,000 inhabitants, at the late election polled only ninety-three votes.

CHIEF JUSTICE CHASE recently insisted he was more radical in fame than in fact.

MAJ. TURNER, of Libby prison notoriety, is living in poverty in London, and dare not come back to this country.

A HUMAN body, twenty-two years buried, was exhumed at Pittsburgh on the 22d, and found to be petrified and perfectly preserved.

Sleighs appeared on the 17th in the streets of Bangor, Maine, and very cold weather for the season prevails.

JNO. G. SAXE lectured in Newcastle Pa., last week.

WHY are hogs the most intelligent things living? Because they *root* everything.

Printing.

PRINTING!

"THE WAYNESBURG REPUBLICAN"

JOB PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT,

Sayers' Building, East of the Public Square,

WAYNESBURG, PA.

PAMPHLETS,

PROGRAMMES,

BILL HEADS,

BUSINESS CARDS,

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BLANKS,

LABELS,

&c., &c.,

NEATLY EXECUTED.

WE HAVE NOW A GREAT VARIETY

OF MATERIAL!

And a more complete stock of

PAPER, CARDS, &c.,

Than any establishment within the limits of our business circle,

AND WE ARE PREPARED

To execute every description of

JOB PRINTING!

IN A

STYLE OF NEATNESS AND BEAUTY!!

WHICH

CANNOT BE SURPASSED ANYWHERE.

We employ the most competent printers, and propose to

MEET EVERY ORDER!

With which we are favored, in the

SHORTEST TIME POSSIBLE!

AND

IN THE MOST SATISFACTORY MANNER!

Particular attention given to

FINE RULE WORK!

CERTIFICATES,

CHECKS, &c.,

TERMS REASONABLE!

Let us have a call before going elsewhere.

JAS. E. SAYERS,
10;29 Waynesburg, Pa.

Agents Wanted.

COLONEL FORNEY'S

LETTERS FROM EUROPE.

LETTERS FROM EUROPE,

BY JOHN W. FORNEY,

EDITOR OF THE "PHILADELPHIA PRESS" AND "WASHINGTON CHRONICLE," AND SECRETARY OF THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Since the commencement of the publication of Colonel Forney's letters from Europe in THE PHILADELPHIA DAILY and WEEKLY PRESS, the publisher of those papers has been in the receipt of innumerable inquiries from those who wished to know if the correspondence would not appear in book form. In accordance with their requests, we will now state that these letters, carefully revised and re-written, with important additions, are now in press, and will shortly be given to the world, in a large duodecimo volume of 500 pages, by the publishing house of T. B. Peterson & Brothers, Philadelphia, who are sparing no expense to make of it a book which shall combine every feature of typographical excellence characteristic of the best publications of this firm. It will contain an excellent steel portrait of the author, engraved in the finest style of the art, by one of the best artists in the country, and it will be in every respect a work acceptable to the numerous friends of Colonel Forney. The correspondence gives the author's impressions of various countries which he visited during an European tour of several months, with observation upon society, politics, amusements, manufactures, educational and religious institutions, in England, France, Switzerland, Germany, Belgium, and Holland. The variety of these letters may be judged from the fact that they were written from London, Liverpool, Oxford, Windsor, Halifax, Stratford-upon-Avon, Chester, Paris, Berne, Lake Leman, Baden Baden, Heidelberg, Wiesbaden, On the Rhine, Coblentz, Brussels, Antwerp, the Hague, and various other places on the Continent of Europe.

The work will be published in one large duodecimo volume of over 500 pages, printed on the finest paper, and handsomely bound in cloth. Price, Two Dollars.

Booksellers, news agents, canvassers, and all others, are solicited to order at once what they may want of the above book, so that their orders can be filled out for the first edition. Address all orders, wholesale and retail, to the publishers of it.

T. B. PETERSON & BROTHERS,
306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

And they will receive immediate attention.

Sample copies of "Colonel Forney's Letters from Europe" will be sent to any one; to any place, in advance of one day of publication, postage paid, on receipt of the retail price of the work.

WANTED—AGENTS and CANVASSERS are wanted in every county, town, and village in the United States and Canada, to engage in getting up a list of subscribers to the above work.
10;9-tf.

$3,00 TO $5,00 PER DAY.

AGENTS WANTED

FOR THE

GOLDEN PEN.

A BETTER PEN THAN GILLOT'S PEN.

These pens sell rapidly wherever introduced, to all classes of people. Are fully equal to the gold pen for ease and beauty of writing. More flexible and durable than any steel pen ever manufactured. Will not corrode. Send for sample box. Only 35 cents, or two boxes for 50 cents, No. 1 for general use. No. 2 for Ladies, Schools and choice Penmanship. Sent free of postage. Money refunded if they do not give satisfaction. Address M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

The following is a sample of hundreds of letters from parties who have ordered these pens.

POTTSTOWN, PA., July 15th, 1867.

M. V. B. COWEN, Lafayette, Ind.

DEAR SIR:—The box of No. 1 pens ordered by me some ten days since has arrived, and I am so much pleased with them that I have concluded to take an Agency for their sale, so far, at least, as to order three gross No. 1 and one gross No. 2, for which I enclose your price to Agents. Address REV. S. SIEGFRIED,
Of REPUBLICAN.

Warranted to last five times as long, and give better satisfaction than any steel pen manufactured. Send for circular of testimonials from Professors of Schools and Colleges, and from prominent business houses. M. V. C. 8;28-3m.

PAINTS FOR FARMERS AND OTHERS.

The Grafton Mineral Paint Co. are now manufacturing the Best, Cheapest, and most Durable Paint in use; two coats well put on, mixed with pure linseed oil, will last 10 or 15 years; it is of a light brown or beautiful chocolate color, and can be changed to green, lead, stone, drab, olive or cream, to suit the taste of the consumer. It is valuable for Houses, Barns, Fences, Carriage and Car-makers, Pails and Wooden-ware, Agricultural Implements, Canal Boats, Vessels and Ships' Bottoms, Canvas, Metal and Shingle Roofs, (it being fire and water proof,) Floor Oil Cloths, (one manufacturer having used 900 bbls. the past year,) and as a paint for any purpose is unsurpassed for body, durability, elasticity, and adhesiveness. Price $6 per bbl. of 300 lbs., which will supply a farmer for years to come. Warranted in all cases as above. Send for a circular which gives full particulars. None genuine unless branded in a trade mark: Grafton Mineral Paint. Address DANIEL RIDDLE,
9;18,'67-6m 251 Pearl Street, New York.

Decedents' Estates.

LEGAL NOTICE.

Letters of administration upon the estate of Elijah Church, late of Center township, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JNO. C. FLENNIKEN,
9;18-6t Administrator.

NOTICE!

Notice is hereby given that the Book accounts, &c., of Minor & Co. have been left with Simon Rinehart, Justice of the Peace, in Waynesburg, for IMMEDIATE collection. All claims not paid by the 1st of OCTOBER next, will be collected with cost. H. CLAY MINOR,
Administrator of Philip Minor, dec'd.
9;18-1w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of administration having been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Susannah Beeler, late of the borough of Waynesburg, dec'd., notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment and those having claims upon said estate to present them properly authenticated for settlement.

P. A. KNOX,
9;25-6w Waynesburg, Pa. Adm'r.

BUSINESS MAN'S COMMERCIAL COLLEGE,

NOS. 6 AND 8 ST. CLAIR STREET,

Pittsburgh, Pa.

This institution has been in operation for a number of years, and is conducted successfully by an able corps of teachers, whose object is to make each pupil understand thoroughly every branch of a

BUSINESS EDUCATION,

to prepare them for

BUSINESS MEN!

Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic, (time unlimited,)	$40.00
Book-keeping, Penmanship and Arithmetic 3 months,	30 00
Business and Ornamental Penmanship per month,	10 00
Common English Branches per month,	10 00

Algebra, Phonography and Business Correspondence according agreement.

All our specimens are executed with a pen.

A full course can be completed in eight weeks.

For circular or specimens, address
8;7-3mos. N. SHAFFER.

U. S. INTERNAL REV. NOTICE.

All persons wishing Government License or information as to the payment of other Government Taxes, residing in Division No. 9, composed of Marion, Franklin, Wayne, Alleppo, Gilmore, Springhill, Centre, Jackson, Richhill and Morris townships will call on me at my office in Waynesburg. SIMON RINEHART,
U. S. Ass't Assessor Div. No. 9, 24th Dist. of Pa.
8;7, 67-2m

Drugs, &c.

DAVID E. FOUTZ,

SUCCESSOR TO FOUTZ & BRO.

FOUTZ'S

CELEBRATED

Horse and Cattle Powders.

This preparation, long and favorably known, will thoroughly reinvigorate broken-down and low-spirited horses, by strengthening and cleansing the stomach and intestines.

It is a sure preventive of all diseases incident to this animal, such as LUNG FEVER, GLANDERS, YELLOW WATER, HEAVES, COUGHS, DISTEMPER, FEVERS, FOUNDER LOSS OF APPETITE AND VITAL ENERGY, &c. Its use improves the wind, increases the appetite, gives a smooth and glossy skin, and transforms the miserable skeleton into a fine-looking and spirited horse.

To keepers of Cows this preparation is invaluable. It increases the quantity and improves the quality of the milk. It has been proven by actual experiments to increase the quantity of milk and cream twenty per cent. and make the butter firm and sweet. In fattening cattle, it gives them an appetite, loosens their hide, and makes them thrive much faster.

In all diseases of Swine, such as Coughs, Ulcers in the Lungs, Liver, &c., this article acts as a specific. By putting from one-half a paper to a paper in a barrel of swill the above diseases will be eradicated or entirely prevented. If given in time, a certain preventive and cure for the Hog Cholera.

Price 25 Cents per Paper, or 5 Papers for $1!

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WHOLESALE DRUG AND MEDICINE DEPOT,

No. 116 Franklin St., Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the United States.

G. W. Roberts & Co., Agents, Waynesburg, Pa.
11;21,'66-1y

Special Notices.

MOFFAT'S LIFE PILLS

AND PHŒNIX BITTERS.

The Most Successful Medicines in the World.

Established in 1835 by one of our Most Eminent Physicians, and now used throughout North and South America, with more pleasing results than any other Medicine in cases of diseased Liver, Blood or Skin, Indigestion, Costiveness, Bilious Complaints, Rheumatism and Fever and Ague.

Thousands of certificates are in our possession, giving detailed accounts of perfect CURES effected by these invaluable Medicines. They regulate the System and put all the functions of the body in a healthy condition.

Sold by all Druggists. White & Howland, Proprietors, Successors to Dr. John Moffat and Dr. W. B. Moffat, New York.

☞Helmbold's Fluid Extract

BUCHU

Is a certain cure for diseases of the BLADDER, KIDNEYS, GRAVEL, DROPSY, ORGANIC WEAKNESS, FEMALE COMPLAINTS, GENERAL DEBILITY, and all diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in

MALE OR FEMALE,

from whatever cause originating and no matter of

HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these organs require the use of a diuretic.

If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue. Our Flesh and Blood are supported from these sources, and the

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS,

and that of Posterity, depends upon prompt use of a reliable remedy.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU,

Established upwards of 18 years, prepared by

H. T. HELMBOLD,
591 Broadway, New York, and
101 South 10th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
8;14eow-1y.

IMPORTANT TO

BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS!

WAYNESBURG STEAM PLANING MILL,

It gives us pleasure to announce to the public the completion of this work and the readiness of the proprietors to

RECEIVE ORDERS!

AND

MAKE CONTRACTS!

The best improved machinery is used. Planing, Ploughing and Grooving, Sash and Door Making, Pannelling, Ripping, moulding &c., rapidly and skilfully executed. Ruling prices paid for

ALL KINDS OF LUMBER!

They are also prepared to do all kinds of Carpenter Work, with the utmost promptness, and in the most substantial manner.

They respectfully solicit a share of public patronage, and flatter themselves that they will in all cases be able to

GIVE ENTIRE SATISFACTION!

All orders promptly attended to.

BRADEN, WALTON & SAYERS,
8;14-tf. Waynesburg, Pa.

I. O. OF O. F.

WAYNESBURG LODGE, NO. 469.

Hall in Ganear's Building, east Main Street, Waynesburg, Pa. Time, Tuesday evening, each week.